Georgia 2018



Child Health & Care of Illness

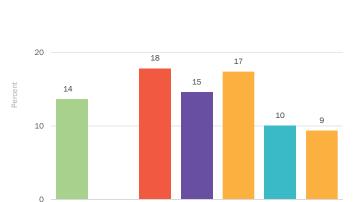
Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys





Disease Episodes

Episodes of Diarrhoea by Age



12-23

months

24-35

months

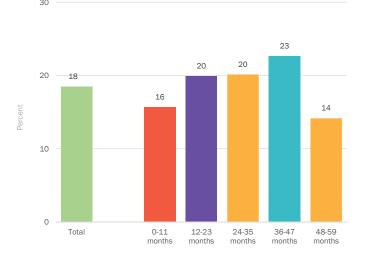
36-47

months

48-59

months

Episodes of Fever by Age



Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks by age in months

0-11

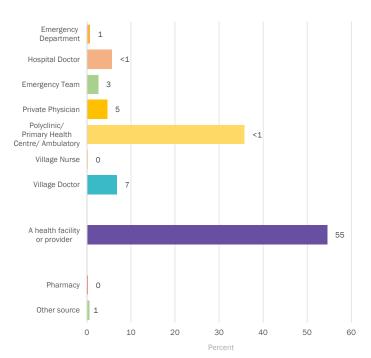
months

Percentage of children age 0-59 months with fever in the last two weeks by age in months

Diarrhoea

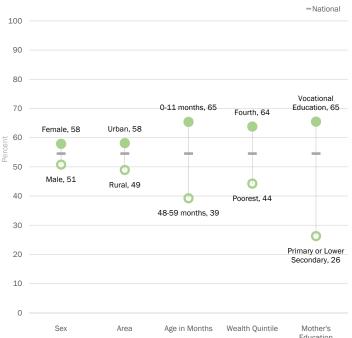
Care-seeking for Diarrhoea

Total



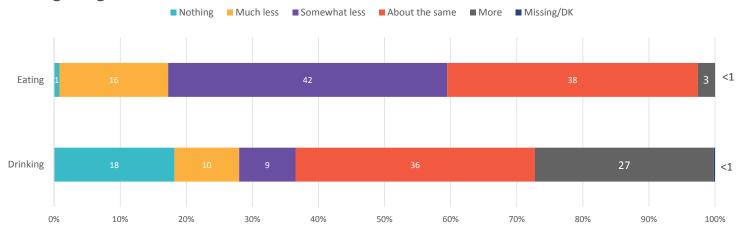
Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks for whom advice or treatment was sought by source of provider

Disparities in Care-seeking for Diarrhoea



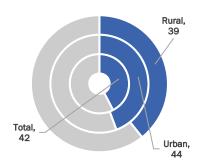
Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks for whom advice or treatment was sought at a health facility or provider Data for 48-59 months and Fourth Wealth Quintile are based on 25-49 unweighted cases.

Feeding during Diarrhoea



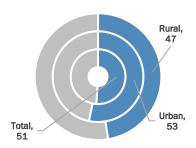
Percent distribution of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks by amount of liquids and food given during episode of diarrhoea

ORS Treatment for Diarrhoea



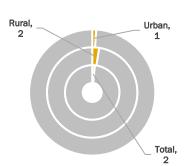
Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks treated with oral rehydration salt solution (ORS)

ORS or Increased Fluids Treatment for Diarrhoea



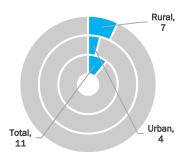
Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks treated with oral rehydration salt solution (ORS) or increased fluids

Home Remedy or Herbal Treatment for Diarrhoea



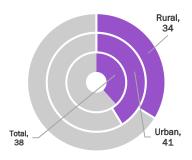
Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks whom home remedy or herbal medicine was given

Zinc Tablets or Syrup Treatment for Diarrhoea



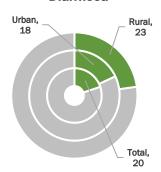
Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks treated with zinc tablets or syrup

ORS + Continued Feeding for Diarrhoea



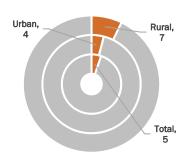
Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks who were given oral rehydration solution (ORS) with continued feeding

No Treatment for Diarrhoea



Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks whom no treatment or drug was given

ORS + Zinc Treatment for Diarrhoea



Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks treated with oral rehydration salt solution (ORS) and zinc

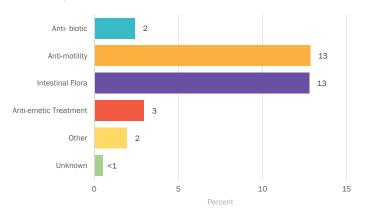
Key Messages

- 14% of children aged 0-59 months suffered from diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey
- Advice or treatment was sought from a health care provider for 55% of children under 5 years of age, who were reported to have diarrhoea in the two weeks preceding the survey.
- There is a significant disparity between urban and rural population.
 This indicator is 9 percentage point higher for urban area than in rural area, with 58% and 49% respectively.
- In case of diarrhoea, advice or treatment was sought at a health facility or from a health care provider for 65% of children aged 0-11 months and only 39% of children aged 48-59

- 42% of children under 5 years of age were treated with oral rehydration salt solution during diarrhea, while 11% were treated with zinc, and only 5% were treated by ORS and Zinc at the same time.
- 18% of children aged 0-59 months suffered from fever in the last 2 weeks preceding the survey
- Advice or treatment was sought from a health facility or provider, for 67% of children under the age of 5 who were reported to have fever in the two weeks preceding the survey.
- There is notable disparity (13 percentage point) in care-seeking during fever between urban and rural areas, 71% and 59% respectively.

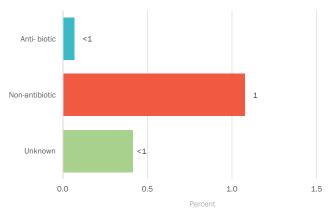
Diarrhoea

Pill or Syrup Treatment for Diarrhoea



Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks for whom pill or syrup treatment for diarrhoea was given by type of medication

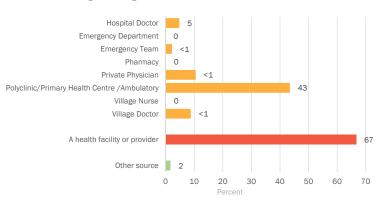
Injection Treatment for Diarrhoea



Percentage of children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks for whom injection treatment for diarrhoea was given by type of medication

Fever

Care-seeking during Fever



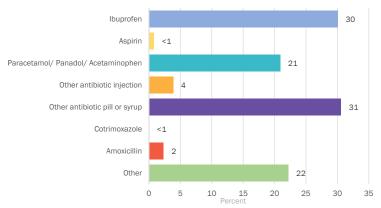
Percentage of children age 0-59 months with fever in the last two weeks for whom advice or treatment was sought, by source of advice or treatment

Disparities in Care-seeking during Fever



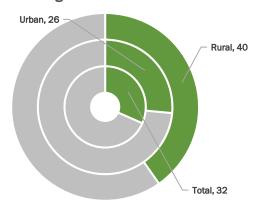
Percentage of children age 0-59 months with fever in the last two weeks for whom advice or treatment was sought at a health facility or provider Data for Primary and Lower Secondary education is based on 25-49 unweighted cases.

Treatment for Fever



Percentage of children age 0-59 months with fever in the last two weeks for whom advice or treatment was given, by type of medications

No Care-seeking for Fever



Percentage of children age 0-59 months with fever in the last two weeks for whom no care-seeking was given

The Georgia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) was carried out in 2018 by the National Statistics Office of Georgia as part of the global MICS programme. Technical support was provided by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). UNICEF, NCDC, USAID, WB, UNFPA, SIDA, AFD, SCD, ISS, UNDP and WHO provided financial support.

The objective of this snapshot is to disseminate selected findings from the Georgia MICS 2018 related to Child health & Care of Illness. Data from this snapshot can be found in table TC2.1 , TC 3.1, TC 3.2, TC 3.3, TC 3.4, TC 6.10 and TC 6.11.

Further statistical snapshots and the Survey Findings Report for this and other surveys are available on mics.unicef.org/surveys.