



National Statistics Office of Georgia

STATISTICAL DATA ON
HIGHER AND VOCATIONAL
EDUCATION

2019



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HIGHER EDUCATION

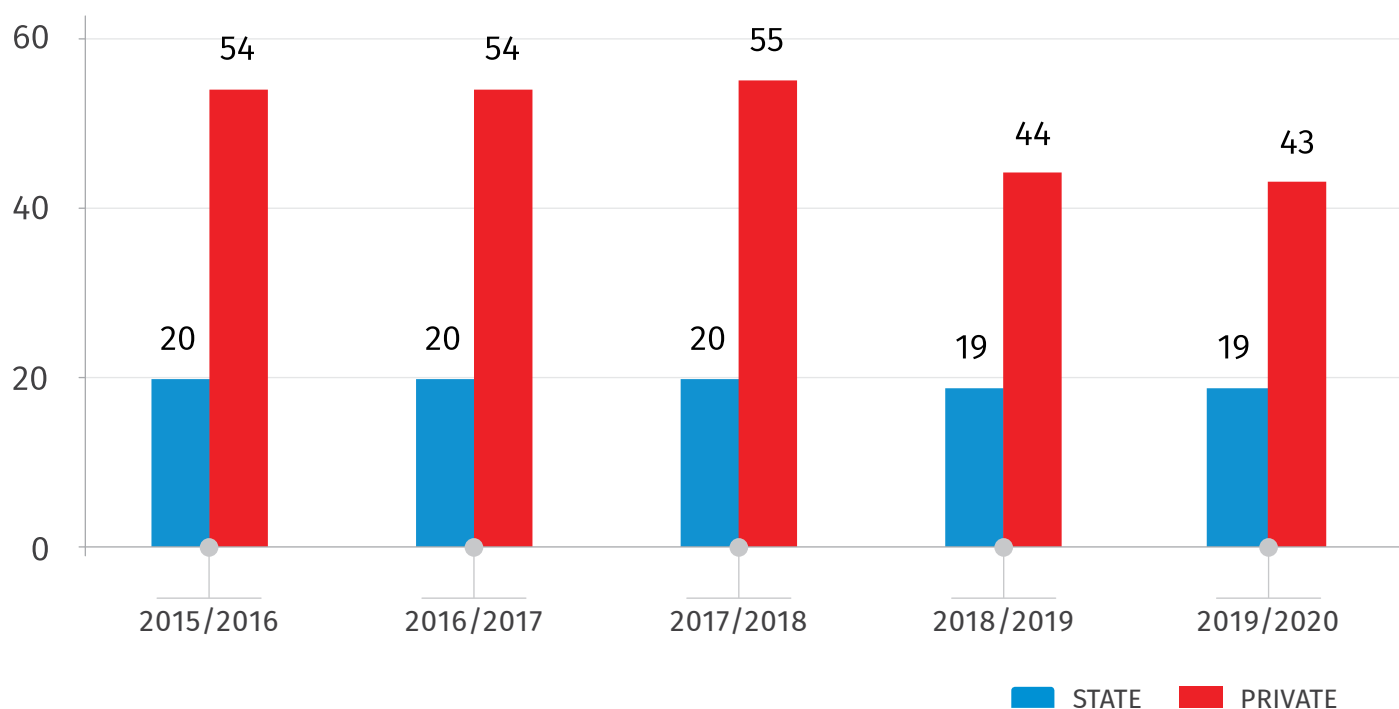
(AT THE BEGINNING OF 2019/2020 ACADEMIC YEAR)

At the beginning of the 2019-2020 academic year, 62 higher education institutions were in Georgia, of which - 19 state and 43 private institutions. Compared to the same indicator of the previous year, the number of the institutions decreased by 1. 60.0 percent of higher education institutions are located in Tbilisi.

The chart below presents the number of higher education institutions in 2015/2016-2019/2020 academic years.

CHART №1

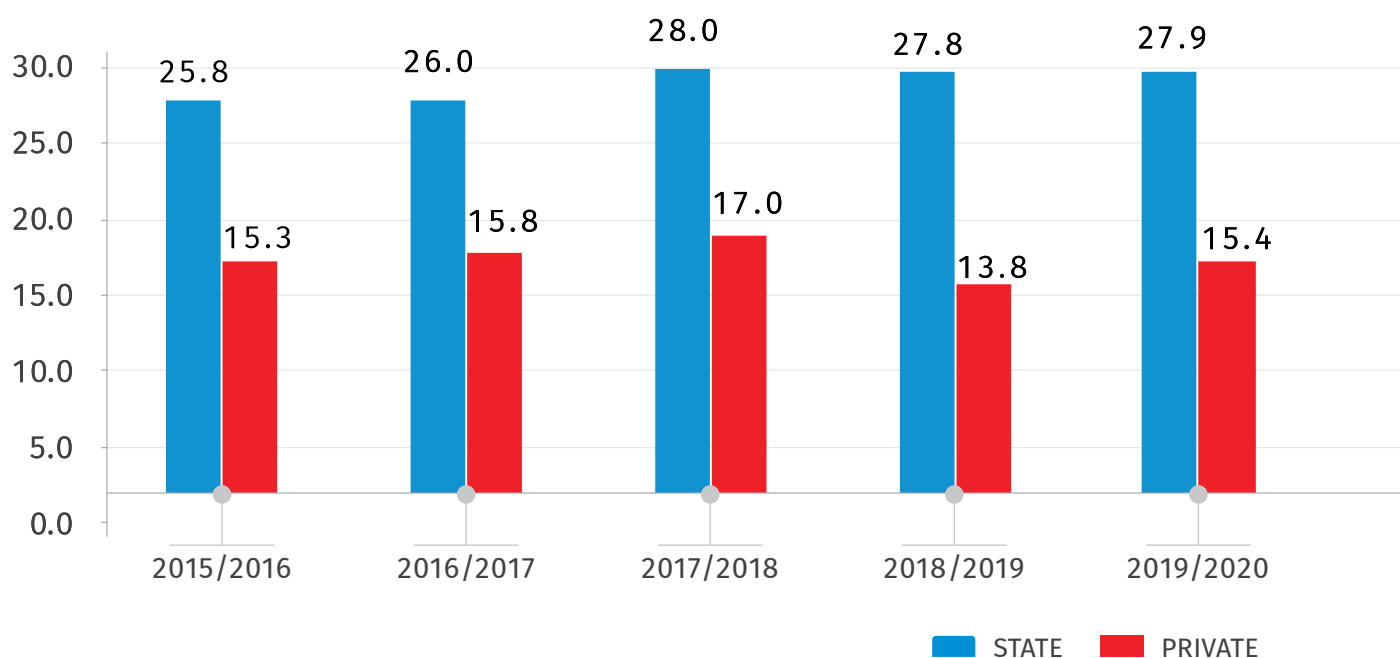
NUMBER OF HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS (UNIT)



At the beginning of the 2019/2020 academic year, 43.2 thousand students were enrolled in Georgian higher education institutions, out of them 27.9 thousand in state universities and 15.4 thousand in private universities. Student admissions increased by 1.6 thousand compared to the same period of the previous year. The increase mainly is based on private universities.

The chart below presents the number of enrollment of students in higher education institutions in 2015/2016-2019/2020 academic years.

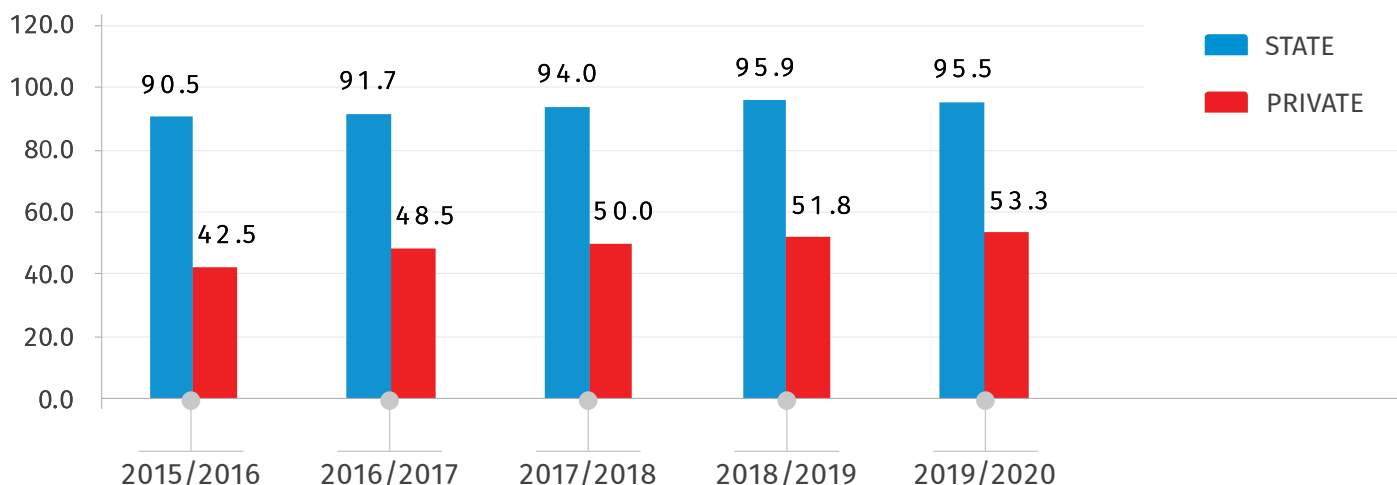
NUMBER OF STUDENTS ADMITTED TO HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS (THOUSANDS)



The number of students in Georgian higher education institutions amounted to 148.8 thousand, which is 0.7% more compared to the previous academic year. 64.2% of the total number of students study in state higher education institutions and 35.8% in private institutions. 50.6% of students are female and 49.4% are male.

The chart below presents the number of students in the higher education institutions in 2015/2016-2019/2020 academic years.

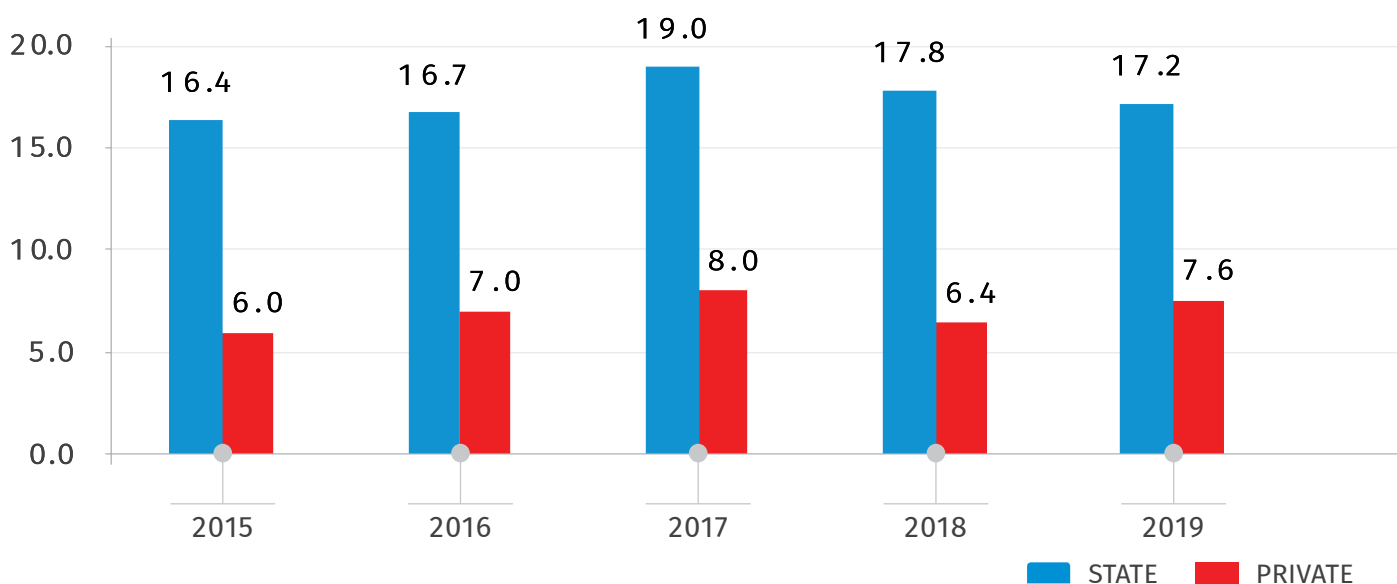
NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS (THOUSANDS)



In 2019, 24.8 thousand students graduated from higher education institutions, that is 2.0 percent higher compared to the previous year. 56.7 percent of the graduates are women and 43.3 percent are men. The number of graduates in state higher education institutions is 2.3 times higher compared to the number of graduates in the private universities.

The chart below presents the number of graduates from higher education institutions in 2015-2019.

NUMBER OF GRADUATES FROM HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS (THOUSANDS)

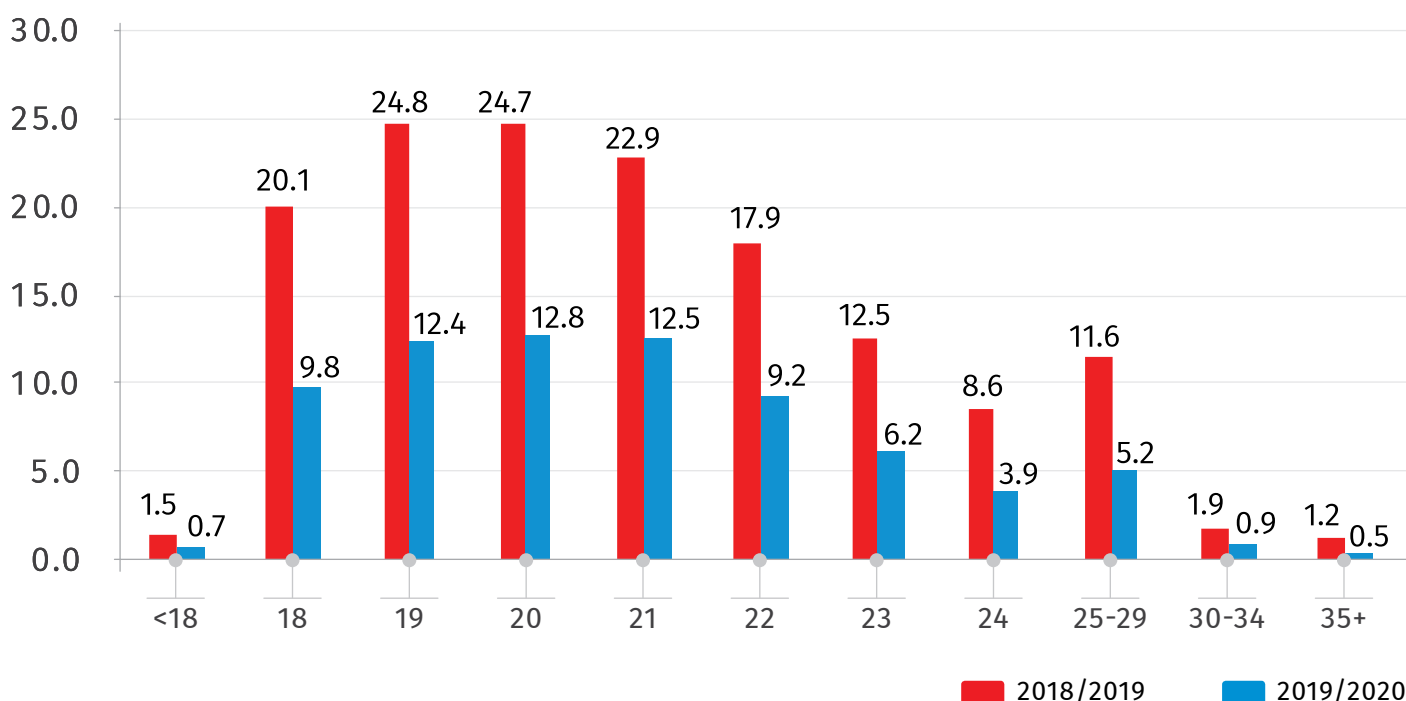


The majority of students (16.4%) in the 2019-2020 academic year are students aged 20.

The chart below presents the number of students by age in 2018/2019-2019/2020 academic years.

CHART №5

**NUMBER OF STUDENTS BY AGE
(THOUSANDS)**

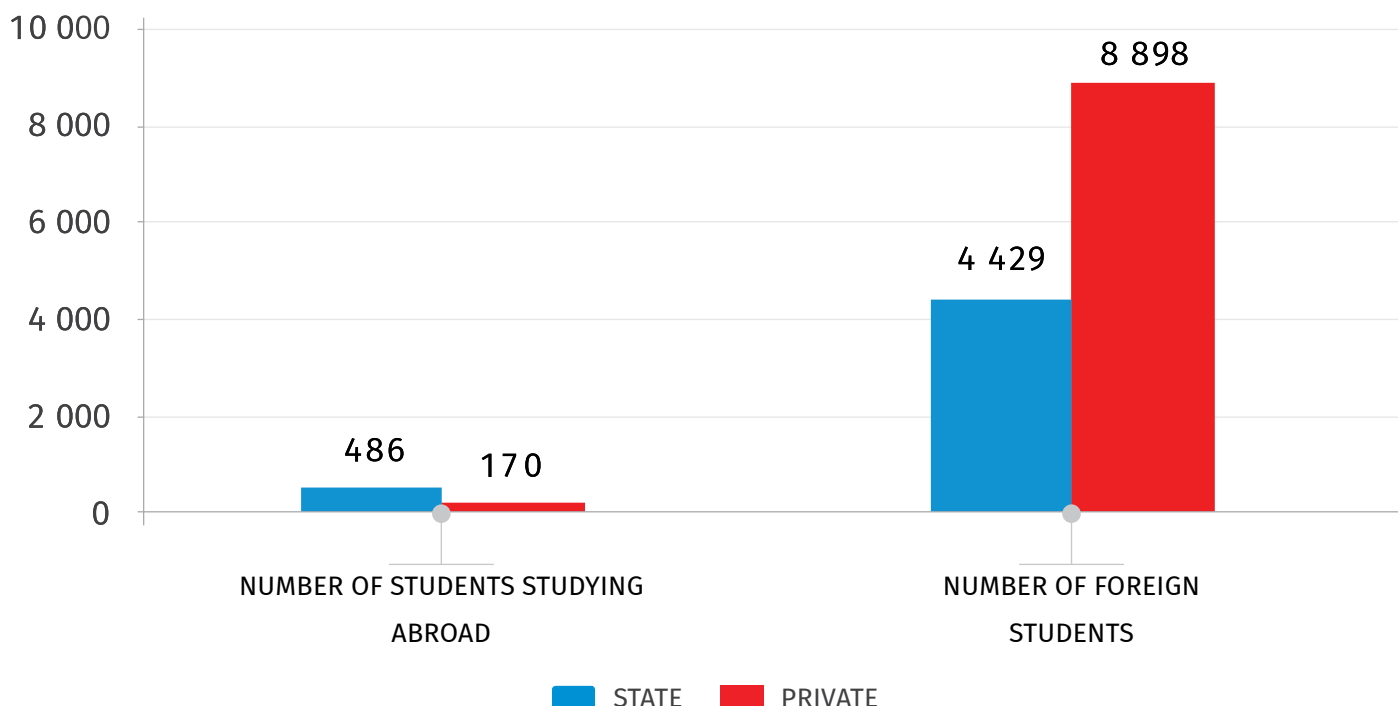


At the beginning of 2019/2020 academic year, 656 students had been sent abroad for study, which is less by 17 students compared to the previous year. The number of students sent from public universities is almost 2.9 times higher than the number of students sent from private universities.

The number of foreign students in Georgian higher education institutions amounted to 13.3 thousand, which is 8.9 percent higher compared to the previous year.

The chart below presents the number of students studying abroad and the number of foreign students in higher education institutions of Georgia in 2019/2020 academic year.

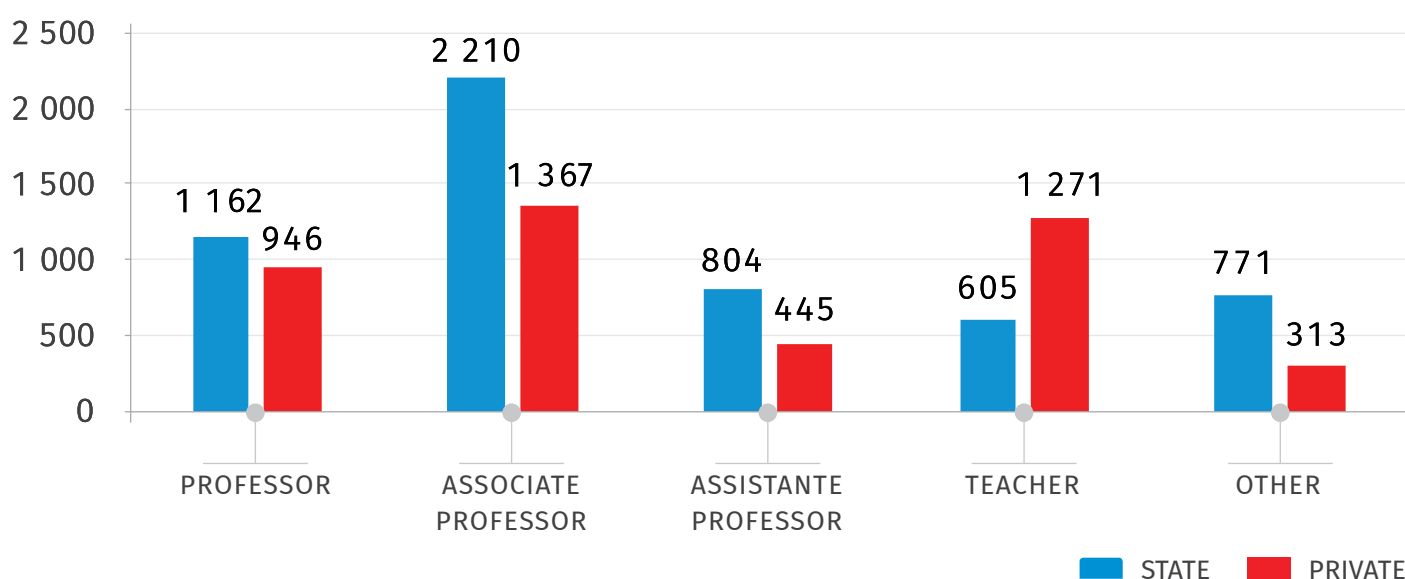
NUMBER OF STUDENTS STUDYING ABROAD AND THE NUMBER OF FOREIGN STUDENTS IN HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS OF GEORGIA (2019/2020 ACADEMIC YEAR, PERSONS)



Number of professors in higher education institutions is 9.9 thousand, which is 4.5% higher compared to the same indicator of the previous year. 54.3% of professors are women and 45.7% are men. Most of them, 36.2% are associate professors.

The chart below shows the number of professors in higher education institutions in 2019/2020 academic year.

NUMBER OF PROFESSORS IN HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS (2019/2020 ACADEMIC YEAR, THOUSANDS)



In 2019, 32 universities had the doctoral programs (same number as in 2018). The number of doctoral students admitted at these universities increased by almost 20.0 percent compared to the previous year and amounted to 1 322. Accordingly, the total number of doctoral students increased and amounted to 3 976, which is 13.2 percent higher compared to the same indicator of the previous year.

The table below presents the number of persons working for doctoral degree by field of science in 2019.

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(TABLE №1)
**NUMBER OF PERSONS WORKING FOR DOCTORAL DEGREE
BY FIELD OF SCIENCE IN 2019**

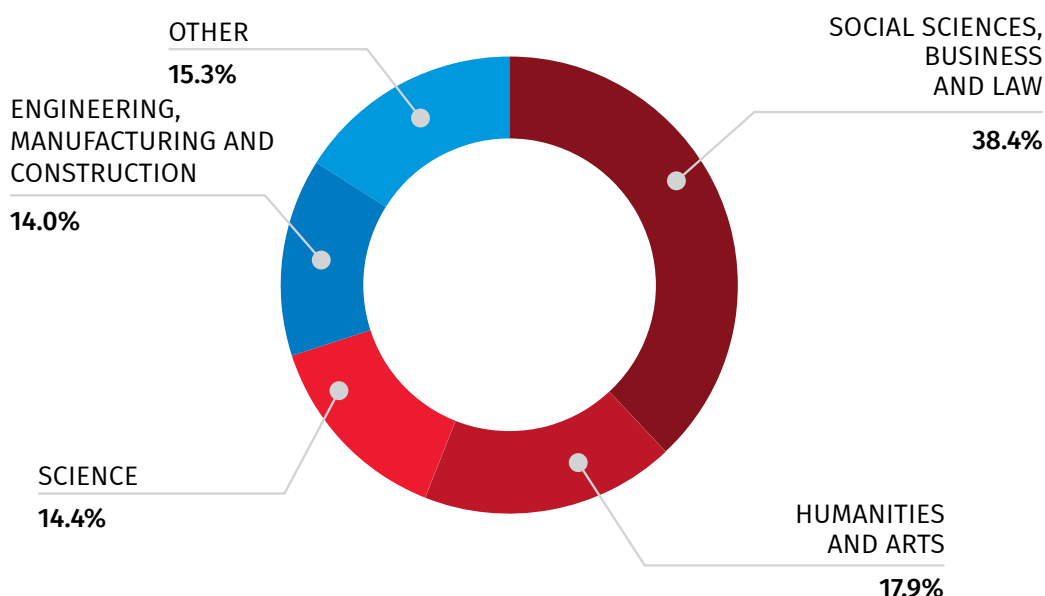
	NUMBER	%
NUMBER OF PERSONS WORKING FOR DOCTORAL DEGREE, TOTAL	3 976	100.0
Education	78	2.0
Humanities and Arts	557	14.0
Social sciences, business and law	1 884	47.3
Science	478	12.0
Engineering, manufacturing and construction	407	10.2
Agriculture	86	2.2
Health and welfare	419	10.5
Services	67	1.7

In 2019, an increase in the number of doctoral programs was recorded in the Social Sciences, Business and Law program. In 2019, most of the persons working for doctoral degree (380) as well as graduates (113) of this program are women.

Compared to the previous year, the number of persons who completed their work for doctoral degree has increased slightly and amounted to 487. The increase was mainly based on the doctoral programs of humanities and arts and services.

The chart below presents the number of persons who completed their work for doctoral degree in 2019.

NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO COMPLETED THEIR WORK FOR DOCTORAL DEGREE IN 2019



Out of the total number of persons who completed their work for doctoral degree in 2019, 56.3 percent are women and 43.7 percent are men.

The table below presents the number of persons who completed their work for doctoral degree by sex and by field of science in 2019.

(TABLE №2)

NUMBER OF PERSONS WHO COMPLETED THEIR WORK FOR DOCTORAL DEGREE BY SEX IN 2019 (PERSONS)

	WOMEN	MEN
CERTIFIED TOTAL	274	213
of which by field of science:		
Education	6	1
Humanities and Arts	55	32
Social sciences, business and law	113	74
Science	42	28
Engineering, manufacturing and construction	21	47
Agriculture	4	4
Health and welfare	31	14
Services	2	13

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There has been an increase in the number of scientific heads of doctoral candidates that was caused by the increase in the number of persons working for doctoral degree. In addition, in some cases a person working for doctoral degree has two supervisors: Georgian and foreigner.

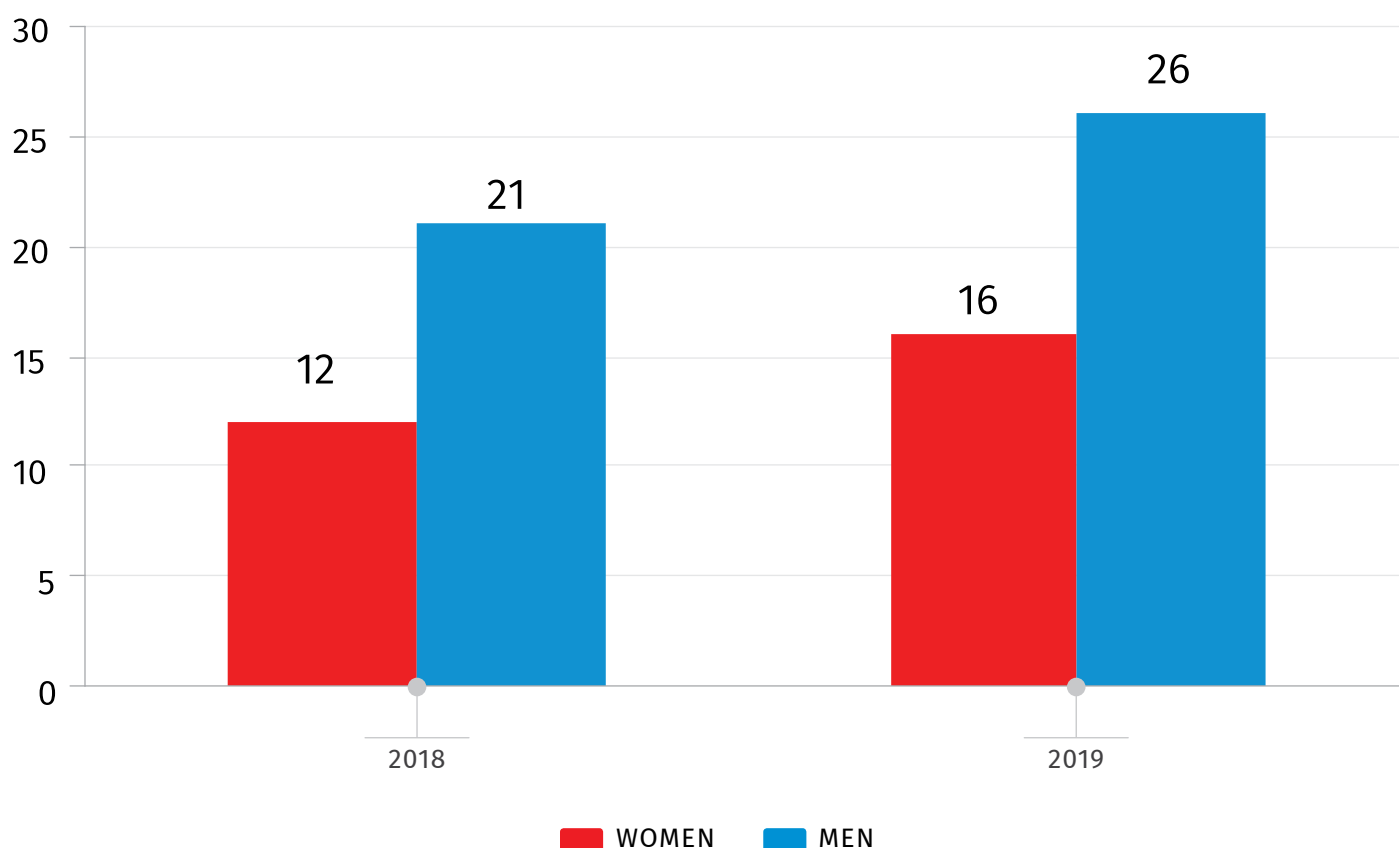
In 2019, as in the previous years, a large proportion of persons working for doctoral degree are persons of the age group of 35 and older.

In 2019 the number of foreign persons working for doctoral degree is increased. 61.9 percent of foreign persons working for doctoral degree are men and 38.1 percent are women.

The chart below presents the number of foreign persons working for doctoral degree by sex in 2018-2019.

CHART №9

NUMBER OF FOREIGN PERSONS WORKING FOR DOCTORAL DEGREE (PERSONS)



PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION

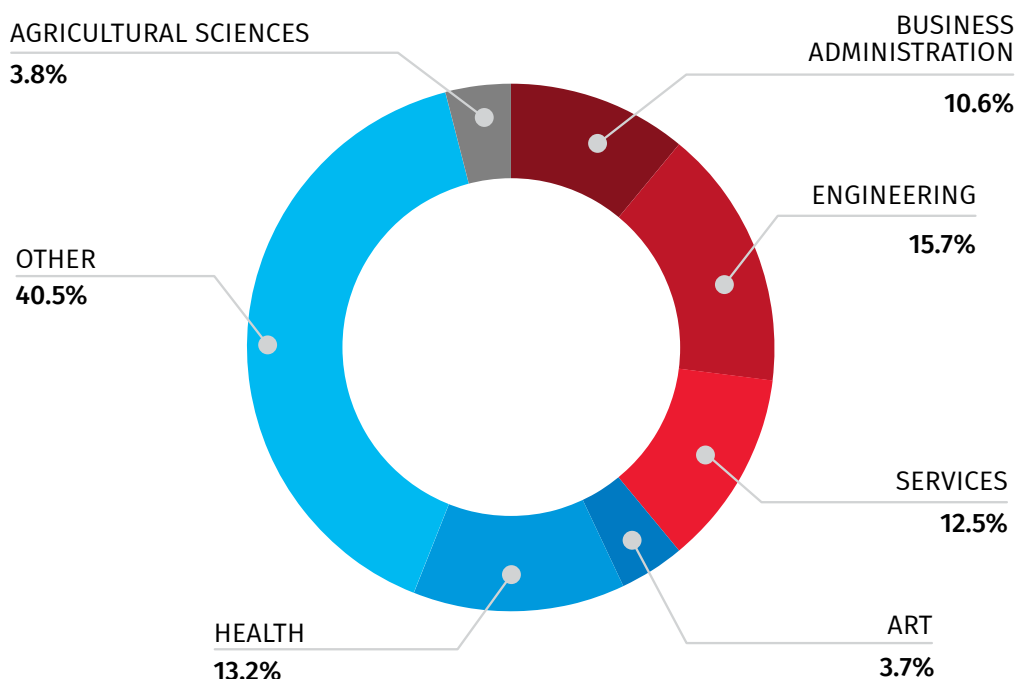
By the end of 2019, 105 educational institutions (43 public and 62 private) were in Georgia that conducted admission of students in vocational education programs.

In 2019, 11 529 students were admitted, 47.8 percent of whom are women and 52.2% men. Compared to 2018, student admissions are decreased by 2.5 percent.

The chart below presents the number of admitted students by vocational education programs in 2019.

CHART №10

DISTRIBUTIONS OF ADMITTED STUDENTS BY PROGRAMS



As for the data by regions, Tbilisi has the leading position with the number of admitted students (46.6%), followed by Adjara (24.5%), Imereti (7.0%), Kakheti (4.4%), Samegrelo-Zemo Svaneti (6.8%) and Samtskhe-Javakheti (3.1%).

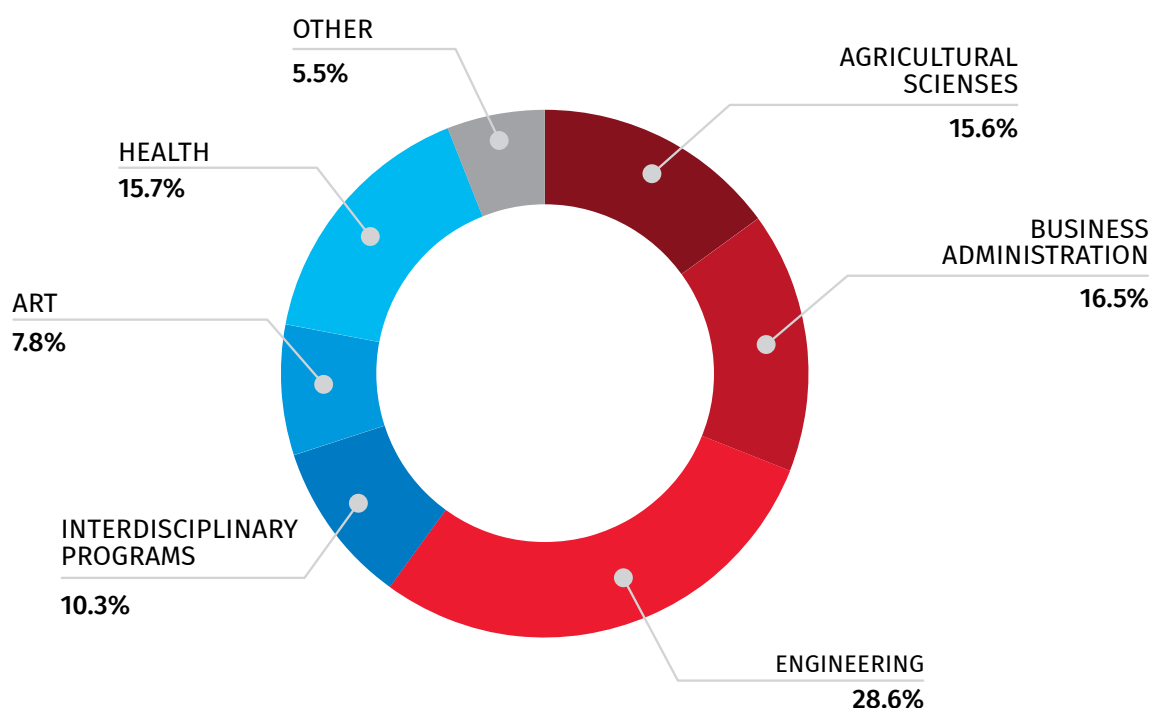
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In 2019, the number of graduates was nearly 11 thousands, out of which 49.9 percent were women and 50.1 percent - men. The number of graduates is decreased by 8.6 percent compared to 2018. Most of them come from engineering programs (28.6%), health programs (15.7%) and business administration (16.5%).

The chart below presents the number of graduates by vocational education programs in 2019.

CHART №11

DISTRIBUTION OF GRADUATES BY PROGRAMS



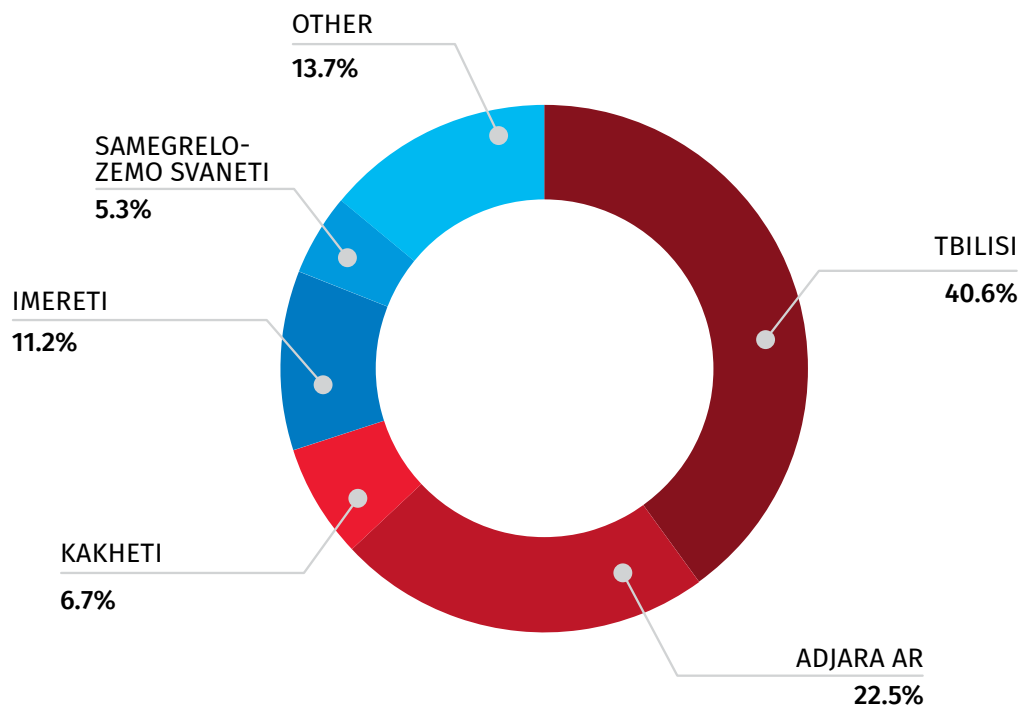
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The number of graduates by region is as follows: Tbilisi (40.6%), Adjara (22.5%), Imereti (11.2%) and Samegrelo-Zemo Svaneti (5.3%).

CHART №12

DISTRIBUTIONS OF GRADUATED PERSONS BY REGION



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