

National Statistics Office of Georgia

INFLATION RATE IN GEORGIA 2021 FEBRUARY

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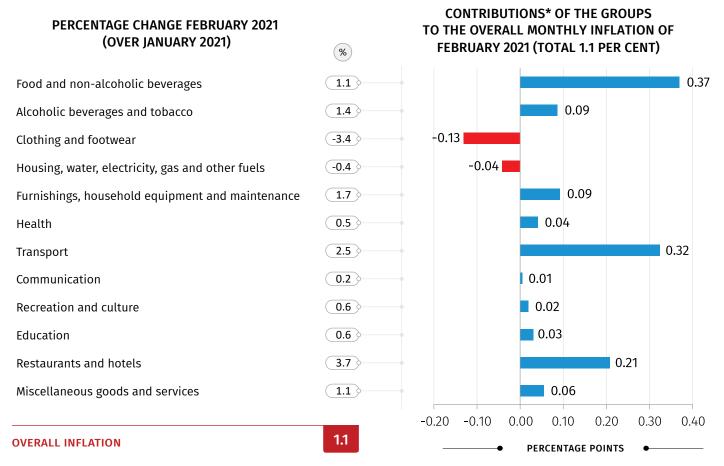
INFLATION RATE IN GEORGIA

FEBRUARY 2021

In February 2021 the Consumer Price Index increased by 1.1 percent compared to the previous month, while the annual inflation rate amounted to 3.6 percent.

With regard to the annual core inflation¹, the prices increased by 6.6 percent, while the annual core inflation without tobacco² amounted to 6.3 percent.

The following table shows percentage changes in prices for the commodity groups of the consumer basket as well as the relevant contributions to the overall monthly inflation rate.



* Individual contributions may not sum up to the total due to rounding.

² Core Inflation without tobacco is calculated by excluding the following groups of goods and services from the consumer basket: food and non-alcoholic beverages, tobacco; energy, regulated tariffs, transport (specific tariffs).

¹Core inflation is calculated by excluding the following groups of goods and services from the consumer basket: food and non-alcoholic beverages, energy, regulated tariffs, transport (specific tariffs).



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The monthly inflation rate was mainly influenced by price changes for the following groups:

Food and non-alcoholic beverages: the prices in the group increased by 1.1 percent, contributing 0.37 percentage points to the overall monthly inflation rate. The prices were higher for the following subgroups: sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery (5.4 percent), oils and fats (4.9 percent), fruit and grapes (2.6 percent), mineral waters, soft drinks, fruit and vegetable juices (2.3 percent), vegetables (1.9 percent), bread and cereals (1.5 percent). At the same time, the prices were lower for milk, cheese and eggs (-2.7 percent);

Transport: the prices increased by 2.5 percent, contributing 0.32 percentage points to the overall monthly inflation rate. Within the group the prices increased for operation of personal transport equipment (3.7 percent);

Restaurants and hotels: the prices for the group posted a 3.7 percent increase, with the relevant contribution of 0.21 percentage points to the monthly inflation rate. Within the groups the prices were higher for both catering services (3.8 percent) and accommodation services (2.9 percent).

The following table shows percentage changes in prices for the commodity groups of the consumer basket, as well as the relevant contributions to the overall annual inflation rate in February 2021.

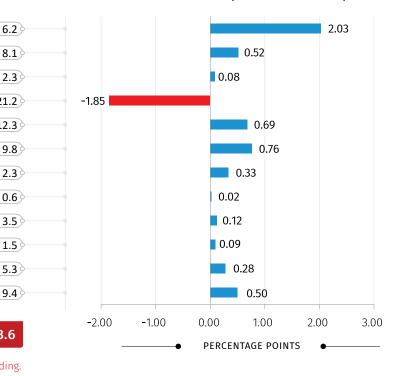
%

3.6

PERCENTAGE CHANGE FEBRUARY 2021 (OVER FEBRUARY 2020)

Food and non-alcoholic beverages	6.2
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	8.1
Clothing and footwear	2.3
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	-21.2
Furnishings, household equipment and maintenance	12.3
Health	9.8
Transport	2.3
Communication	0.6
Recreation and culture	3.5
Education	1.5
Restaurants and hotels	5.3
Miscellaneous goods and services	9.4

CONTRIBUTIONS* OF THE GROUPS TO THE OVERALL ANNUAL INFLATION OF FEBRUARY 2021 (TOTAL 3.6 PER CENT)



* Individual contributions may not sum up to the total due to rounding.

OVERALL INFLATION



02.03.2021

The annual inflation rate was mainly influenced by price changes for the following groups:

Food and non-alcoholic beverages: the prices in the group increased by 6.2 percent, contributing 2.03 percentage points to the overall annual inflation rate. Within the group the prices increased for the following subgroups: oils and fats (34.3 percent), sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery (14.1 percent), coffee, tea and cocoa (12.4 percent), fish (10.6 percent), bread and cereals (8.7 percent), milk, cheese and eggs (6.4 percent), mineral waters, soft drinks, fruit and vegetable juices (6.3 percent). Along with this, the prices decreased for fruit and grapes (-4.1 percent) and vegetables (-4.8 percent);

Health: the prices went up by 9.8 percent, contributing 0.76 percentage points to the overall annual inflation rate. The prices increased for medical products, appliances and equipment (14.2 percent) and outpatient services (11.5 percent);

Furnishings, household equipment and maintenance: the prices in the group increased by 12.3 percent, contributing 0.69 percentage points to the annual inflation. The prices were higher for the following subgroups: household textiles (17.8 percent), glassware, tableware and household utensils (14.9 percent), household appliances (12.9 percent), goods and services for routine household maintenance (11.8 percent), tools and equipment for house and garden (9.8 percent), furniture and furnishings, carpets and other floor coverings (9.1 percent);

Alcoholic beverages and tobacco: the prices were 8.1 percent higher, with a relevant contribution of 0.52 percentage points to the overall annual inflation rate. The prices increased for both tobacco (11.2 percent) and alcoholic beverages (5.5 percent);

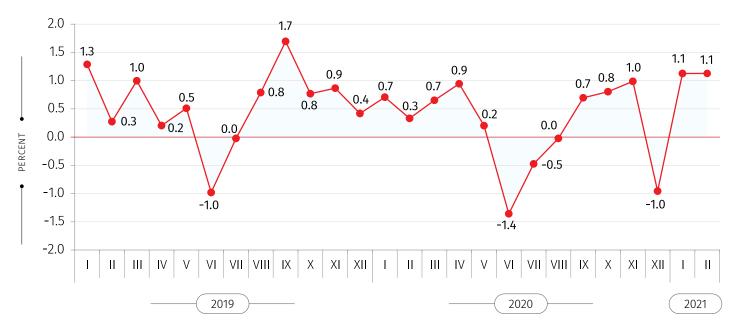
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels: the prices for the group posted a 21.2 percent decrease, which contributed -1.85 percentage points to the annual inflation rate. The prices were lower for the following subgroups: water supply and miscellaneous services relating to the dwelling (-33.8 percent) and electricity, gas and other fuels (-29.0 percent).





02.03.2021





ANNUAL INFLATION RATE IN GEORGIA

(YEAR-ON-YEAR CHANGE)



5)



02.03.2021

AVERAGE INFLATION RATE

(12 MONTH AVERAGE OVER THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTH AVERAGE, PERCENTAGE CHANGE)



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