Survey of Hotels and Hotel type Enterprises (Annual)

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2. Metadata update	
2.1. Metadata last certified	June 12, 2023
2.2. Metadata last posted	June 12, 2023
2.3. Metadata last update	June 12, 2023

3. Statistical presentation		
	description	
Within t	he scope of the survey 12 indicators are published:	
1.	Number of hotels;	
2.	Total number of rooms;	
	of with	
	3. Suite;	
	4. Single room;	
	5. Double room;	
	6. Three or more places;	
7.	Total floorage;	
8.	Number of visitors;	
	of which	
	9. Foreigners;	
10.	Number of employed persons in hotels;	
	of which	
	11. Women;	
12.	Number of visitors in hotels and hotel type enterprises by country and purpose of arrival.	
3.2. Class	sification system	
The data	is published according to the National Classification of Economic Activities (NACE Rev.2, section I, part 55).	
3.3. Secto	or coverage	
The surv	ey includes only hotels and hotel type enterprises.	
3.4. Stati	stical concepts and definitions	
Active E	nterprise – all non-financial corporations which were active during the reporting period;	
Local un	it – all part of the enterprises (branch) which was active during the reporting period;	
Income -	- income of hotels and hotel type enterprises, excluding VAT and excise tax;	
Expendit	Ture – expenditure of hotels and hotel type enterprises.	
3.5. Stati	stical unit	
Enterpris	se – The economic unit which produces goods or serves services, independently makes economic decisions	

Enterprise – The economic unit which produces goods or serves services, independently makes economic decisions about distribution of their resources (having a definite degree of freedom in decision making). The enterprise carries out one or more of the economic activities according to one or more locations. The enterprise may be individual

(physical) or legal entity.

3.6. Statistical population

All active enterprises whose economic activities are related to accomodation providing. The survey has full coverage of all enterprises and totally, about 1600 enterprises are interviewed.

3.7. Reference area

The entire territory of Georgia, besides of occupied regions.

3.8. Time coverage

Data is available from 2006.

3.9. Base period

4. Unit of measure

Quantity, GEL.

5. Reference period

Year.

6. Institutional mandate
6.1. Legal acts and other agreements
The Law of Georgia on Official Statistics;
https://www.geostat.ge/media/20817/latest-Law-of-Georgia 2018.pdf
Statistical Work Programme (annual);
https://www.geostat.ge/en/modules/categories/307/statistical-work-programme
Charter of the National Statistics Office of Georgia.
https://www.geostat.ge/media/20845/10%2Csaqstatis-konsolidirebuli-debuleba.pdf
6.2. Data sharing
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7. Confidentiality
7.1. Confidentiality – policy
1. The Law of Georgia on Official Statistics:
• According to the article 4 of the law individual data collected by statistical agencies for statistical compilation,
whether they refer to natural or legal persons, are to be strictly confidential and used exclusively for statistical purposes.
• According to the article 28 (Observing Confidentiality of Statistical Data) of the law 1. The data collected for
the purpose of producing official statistics shall be confidential if it allows for identification of observation unit
or r it is possible to identify such data through it. 2. The confidential statistical data shall not be issued or
disseminated or used for a non-statistical purpose but for the exceptions envisaged by the Georgian legislation.
3. When producing the official statistics, it is obligatory to destroy or store separately the identity data
including the questionnaires containing such data and used for statistical surveys according to the rules defined

in the Georgian legislation.

• According to the article 29 (The Obligations and Responsibilities of the Employees of the Geostat) of the law the confidential statistical data collected and processed for the purpose of statistical survey shall not be used or disseminated by the employees of the units of the Geostat.

https://www.geostat.ge/media/20817/latest-Law-of-Georgia 2018.pdf

- 2. Data Confidentiality Policy at Geostat https://www.geostat.ge/media/20860/Data-Confidentiality-Policy-at-Geostat En.pdf
- 3. Public Use Microdata Dissemination Policy at Geostat https://www.geostat.ge/media/20862/Microdata-Dissemination-Policy_Eng.pdf
- 4. The Law of Georgia on Personal Data Protection https://matsne.gov.ge/en/document/view/1561437?publication=9

7.2. Confidentiality – data treatment

Confidentiality guidelines.

•Written undertakings by an employee of Geostat on ensuring confidentiality of gained/collected data as a result of official duties.

8. Release policy

8.1. Release calendar

Data dissemination dates are defined by the calendar developed on the basis of the Statistical Work Programme, which is published on the website of Geostat and is publicly available.

8.2. Release calendar access

https://www.geostat.ge/en/calendar

8.3. User access

All users have the equal access to the statistical data simultaneously.

9. Frequency of dissemination

Annual.

10. Accessibility and clarity

10.1. News release

Press release is provided as annex on the survey results: <u>https://www.geostat.ge/en/news</u>

10.2. Publications

Statistical Yearbook of Georgia:

https://www.geostat.ge/en/single-categories/95/statistical-yearbook

10.3. On-line database

10.4. Micro-data access

10.5. Other

According to the Law of Georgia on Official Statistics statistical data is public and upon an electronic form or written request, Geostat ensures delivery of the statistical data for all users.

10.6. Documentation on methodology

10.7. Quality documentation

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11. Quality management

11.1. Quality assurance

To ensure the quality of the statistical processes and products Geostat follows Article 4 – Basic principles of official statistics – of the Law of Georgia on Official Statistics, as well as the European Statistics Code of Practice, the UN Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics and Quality Assurance Framework of the European Statistical System (QAF).

11.2. Quality assessment

Methodology and Quality Management Division of Geostat, along with the sectoral departments, is responsible for the quality of the produced statistical products and processes. The Division carries out quality audit of statistical processes and assesses the risks for the quality of statistical processes and products. Geostat has developed policy documents, guidelines and standard routine descriptions. These documents ensure the standardization of statistical processes and products and the establishment of a unified quality assurance system.

12. Relevance

12.1. User needs

The main stakeholders are: business sector representatives, researchers and students, international organizations, governmental institutions, media outlets, etc.

They need these data to carry out different types of statistical analysis, to plan a marketing strategy or to evaluate and study the economic situation.

12.2. User satisfaction

In 2021 user satisfaction survey was conducted, the target of the survey was to analyze the assessment of quality of statistical data by users and explore ways to improve user services. The survey report is available on the website of Geostat (in Georgian):

https://www.geostat.ge/ka/page/customer-service

12.3. Completeness

The data is relevant to an international standard.

13. Accuracy and reliability

13.1. Overall accuracy

The processed data are compared with the data of the previous year. In some cases, during the data processing the information is verified with administrative sources and representatives of the enterprises.

13.2. Sampling error

The survey is conducted without sampling (full coverage).

13.3. Non-sampling error

Comparison of data with administrative sources is aimed to minimaze non-sampling errors.

14. Timeliness and punctuality

14.1. Timeliness

The data are published in the end of August of the following year after the end of the reporting period.

14.2. Punctuality

The data is published according to the date specified in the statistical work program. There has not been any violation of publication dates.

15. Coherence and comparability

15.1. Comparability – geographical

The methodology used in scope of the survey is comparable on regional and international level.

15.2. Comparability – over time

The data is comparable over time.

15.3. Coherence – cross domain

The data is coherent.

15.4. Coherence – internal

The data is coherent.

16. Cost and burden

- Number of interviewers varies over time and in 2023 there are 127 contracted staff;
- Database is cleaned by 5 permanent staff members of division.

17. Data revision

17.1. Data revision - policy

Statistical data revision policy is available on the website of Geostat:

https://www.geostat.ge/media/44385/Revision-policy-and-error-correction Geo.pdf

17.2. Data revision – practice

There is no data planned revision. Unplanned revision (in order to specify the data) has not taken place in practice.

18. Statistical processing

18.1. Source data

The completed questionnaire of the survey (online questionnaire).

18.2. Frequency of data collection

Annual.

18.3. Data collection

Before 2013 data was collected through paper questionnaires, see the print version of this questionnaire at the link:

https://www.geostat.ge/media/53244/Survey-of-hotels-and-hotel-type-enterprises.pdf

and online questionnaires have been used since 2013, which are filled by the enterprise representative himself. The interviewer is obliged to verify the electronic questionnaire filled in by enterprises and if the respondent submits another form of data (print version, etc.) – ensure that the corresponding electronic questionnaires are completed correctly.

18.4. Data validation

First of all, the data is checked by the program, based on arithmetic controls incorporated in online questionnaire. Secondary data control is carried out by both the field staff (interviewers) and Tourism Statistics Division staff. The process involves both arithmetic and logical control. With the help of the controls provided in MS Access, inaccuracies in questionnaires are detected and corrected by Tourism Statistics Division staff.

18.5. Data compilation

All the data of individual enterprises are aggregated by software.

18.6. Adjustment

19. Comment