

**NATIONAL STATISTICS OFFICE OF GEORGIA**

# **INFLATION RATE IN GEORGIA**

## **2025 FEBRUARY**



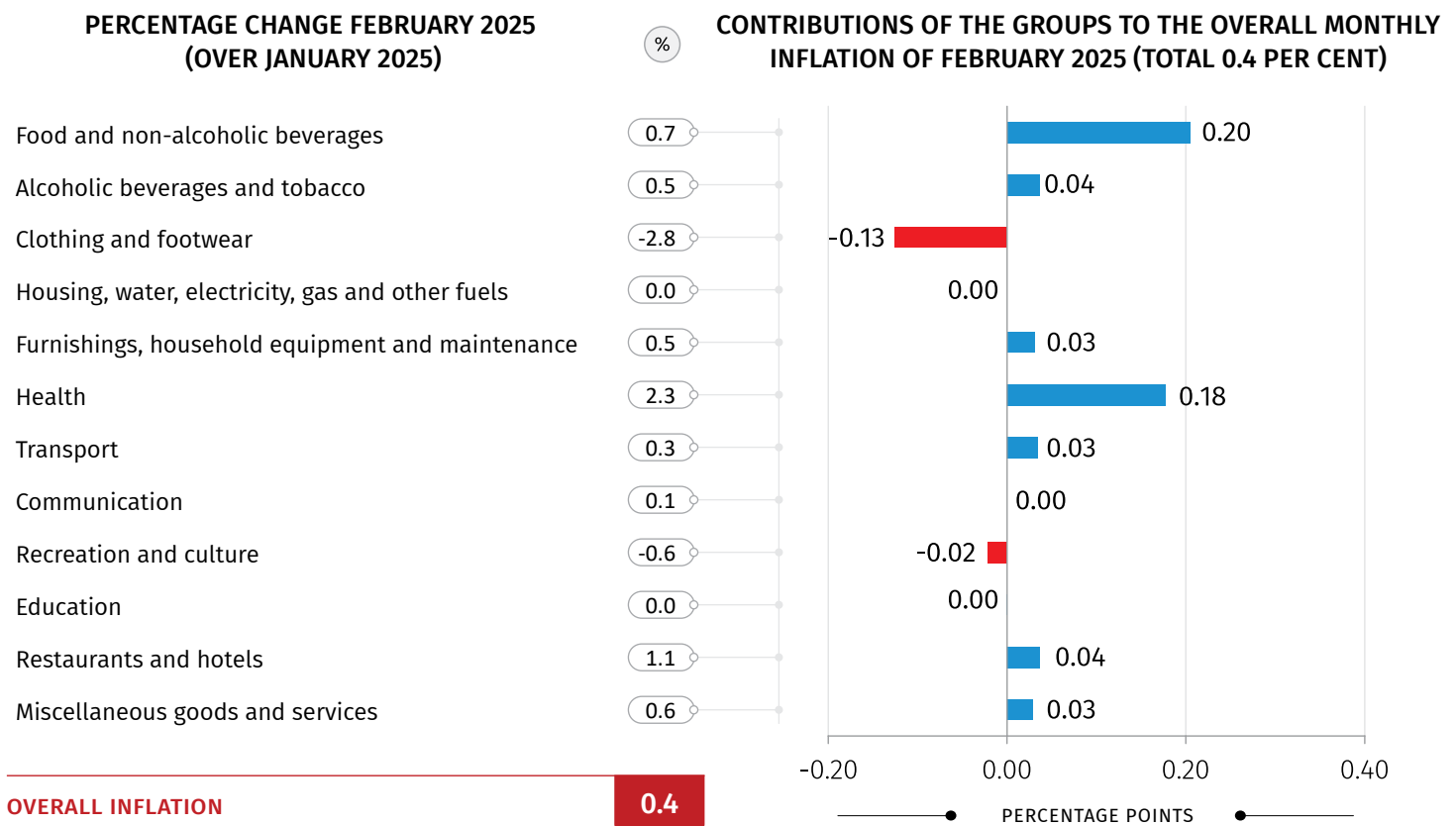
04.03.2025

## INFLATION RATE IN GEORGIA, FEBRUARY 2025

In February 2025 the Consumer Price Index increased by 0.4 percent compared to the previous month, while the annual inflation rate amounted to 2.4 percent.

With regard to the annual core inflation<sup>1</sup>, the prices increased by 2.1 percent, while the annual core inflation without tobacco<sup>2</sup> amounted to 2.0 percent.

The following table shows percentage changes in prices for the commodity groups of the consumer basket as well as the relevant contributions to the overall monthly inflation rate.



\* Individual contributions not sum up to the total due to rounding.

<sup>1</sup>Core inflation is calculated by excluding the following groups of goods and services from the consumer basket: food and non-alcoholic beverages, energy, regulated tariffs, transport (specific tariffs).

<sup>2</sup>Core Inflation without tobacco is calculated by excluding the following groups of goods and services from the consumer basket: food and non-alcoholic beverages, tobacco; energy, regulated tariffs, transport (specific tariffs).

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The monthly inflation rate was mainly influenced by price changes for the following groups:

**Food and non-alcoholic beverages:** the prices for the group increased by 0.7 percent, contributing 0.2 percentage points to the overall monthly inflation rate. The prices increased for the following subgroups: fruit and grapes (4.8 percent), mineral waters, soft drinks, fruit and vegetable juices (4.6 percent), vegetables (3.3 percent), meat (0.7 percent), oils and fats (0.6 percent), coffee, tea and cocoa (0.5 percent). At the same time, prices decreased for the following subgroups: sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery (-2.5 percent), milk, cheese and eggs (-0.4 percent), fish (-0.3 percent), bread and cereals (-0.1 percent);

**Health:** the prices increased by 2.3 percent, contributing 0.18 percentage points to the overall index. The prices were higher for the following subgroups: hospital services (7.1 percent), out-patient services (2.4 percent), medical products, appliances and equipment (0.2 percent);

**Clothing and footwear:** the prices decreased by 2.8 percent, contributing -0.13 percentage points to the overall monthly inflation rate. Prices were lower for both footwear (-3.0 percent) and clothing (-2.6 percent).

The following table shows percentage changes in prices for the commodity groups of the consumer basket, as well as the relevant contributions to the overall annual inflation rate in February 2025.

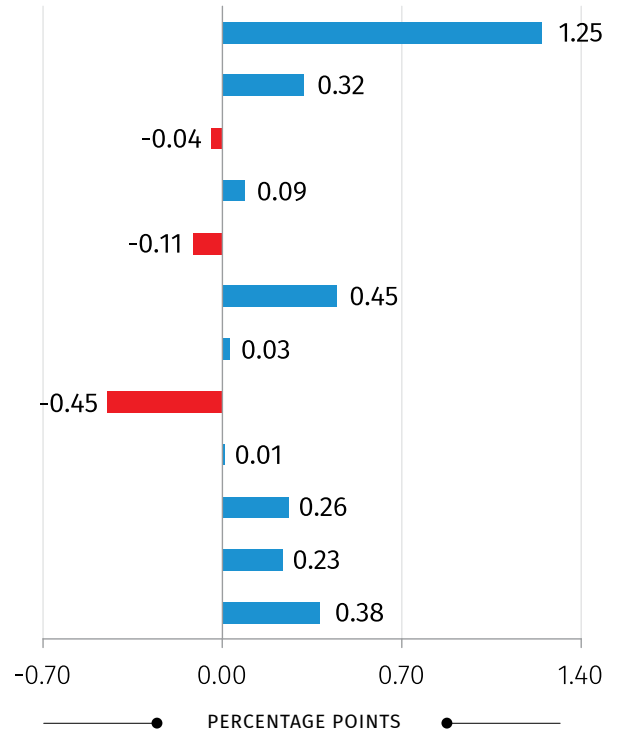
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PERCENTAGE CHANGE FEBRUARY 2025  
(OVER FEBRUARY 2024)



CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE GROUPS TO THE OVERALL ANNUAL INFLATION  
OF FEBRUARY 2025 (TOTAL 2.4 PER CENT)



OVERALL INFLATION

2.4

\* Individual contributions not sum up to the total due to rounding.

The annual inflation rate was mainly influenced by price changes for the following groups:

**Food and non-alcoholic beverages:** the prices in the group increased by 3.7 percent, contributing 1.25 percentage points to the overall annual inflation rate. Within the group the prices increased for the following subgroups: oils and fats (15.4 percent), coffee, tea and cocoa (11.1 percent), vegetables (9.7 percent), mineral waters, soft drinks, fruit and vegetable juices (5.4 percent), milk, cheese and eggs (2.6 percent), fish (1.2 percent), sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery (1.2 percent), meat (0.9 percent), bread and cereals (0.8 percent), fruit and grapes (0.1 percent);

**Health:** the prices increased by 5.4 percent, contributing 0.45 percentage points to the overall index. The prices were higher for the following subgroups: hospital services (7.6 percent), out-patient services (7.0 percent), medical products, appliances and equipment (3.5 percent);

**Miscellaneous goods and services:** the prices for the group increased by 7.6 percent, contributing 0.38 percentage points to the overall index. Within the group, the prices were higher mainly for

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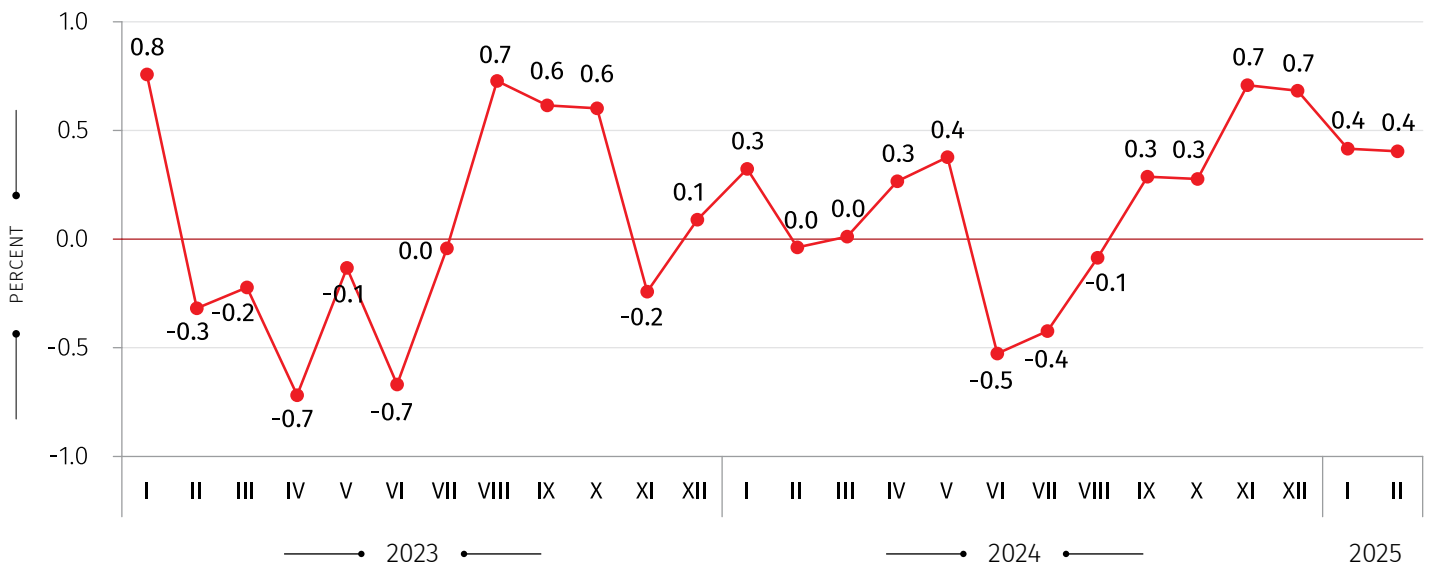
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the following subgroups: personal effects n.e.c. (26.3 percent), insurance (12.9 percent), financial services n.e.c. (5.4 percent), personal care (4.3 percent);

**Alcoholic beverages and tobacco:** the prices increased by 4.7 percent, with the relevant contribution of 0.32 percentage points to the overall annual inflation rate. The prices increased for both alcoholic beverages (6.0 percent) and tobacco (3.3 percent);

**Communication:** the prices decreased by 12.2 percent, contributing -0.45 percentage points to the overall index.

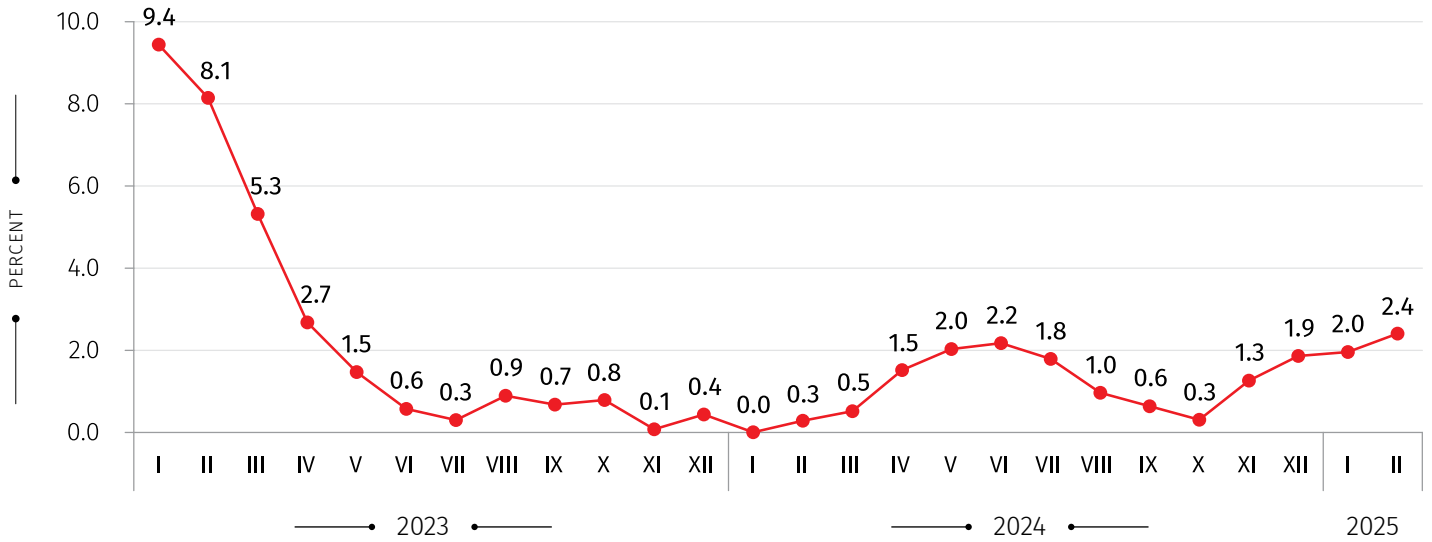
### MONTHLY INFLATION



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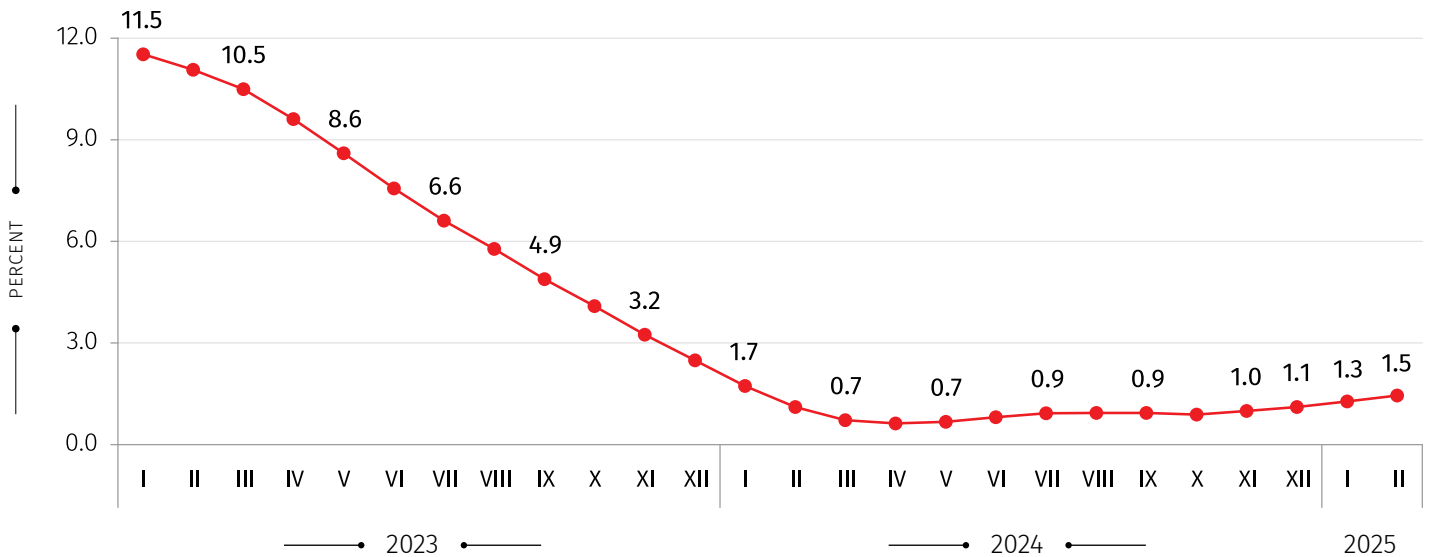
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## ANNUAL INFLATION RATE IN GEORGIA (YEAR-ON-YEAR CHANGE)



## AVERAGE INFLATION RATE

(12 MONTH AVERAGE OVER THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTH AVERAGE, PERCENTAGE CHANGE)

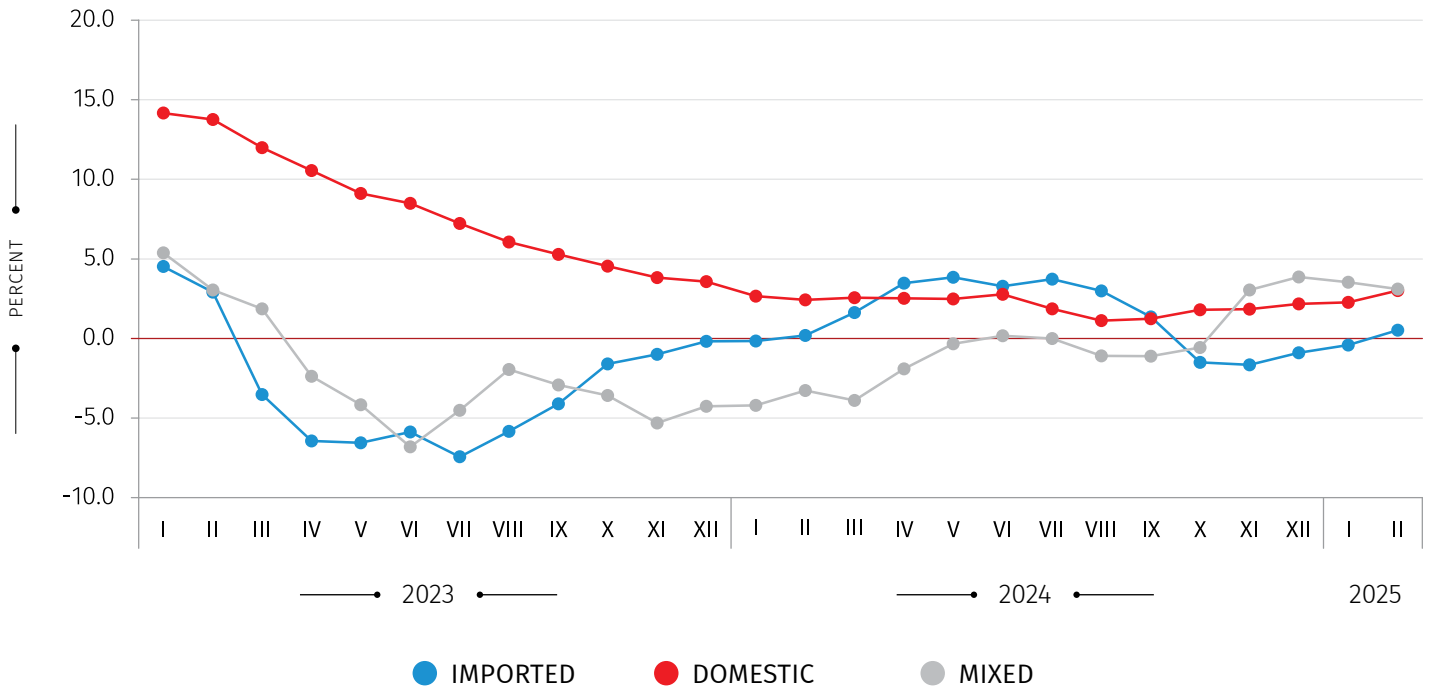




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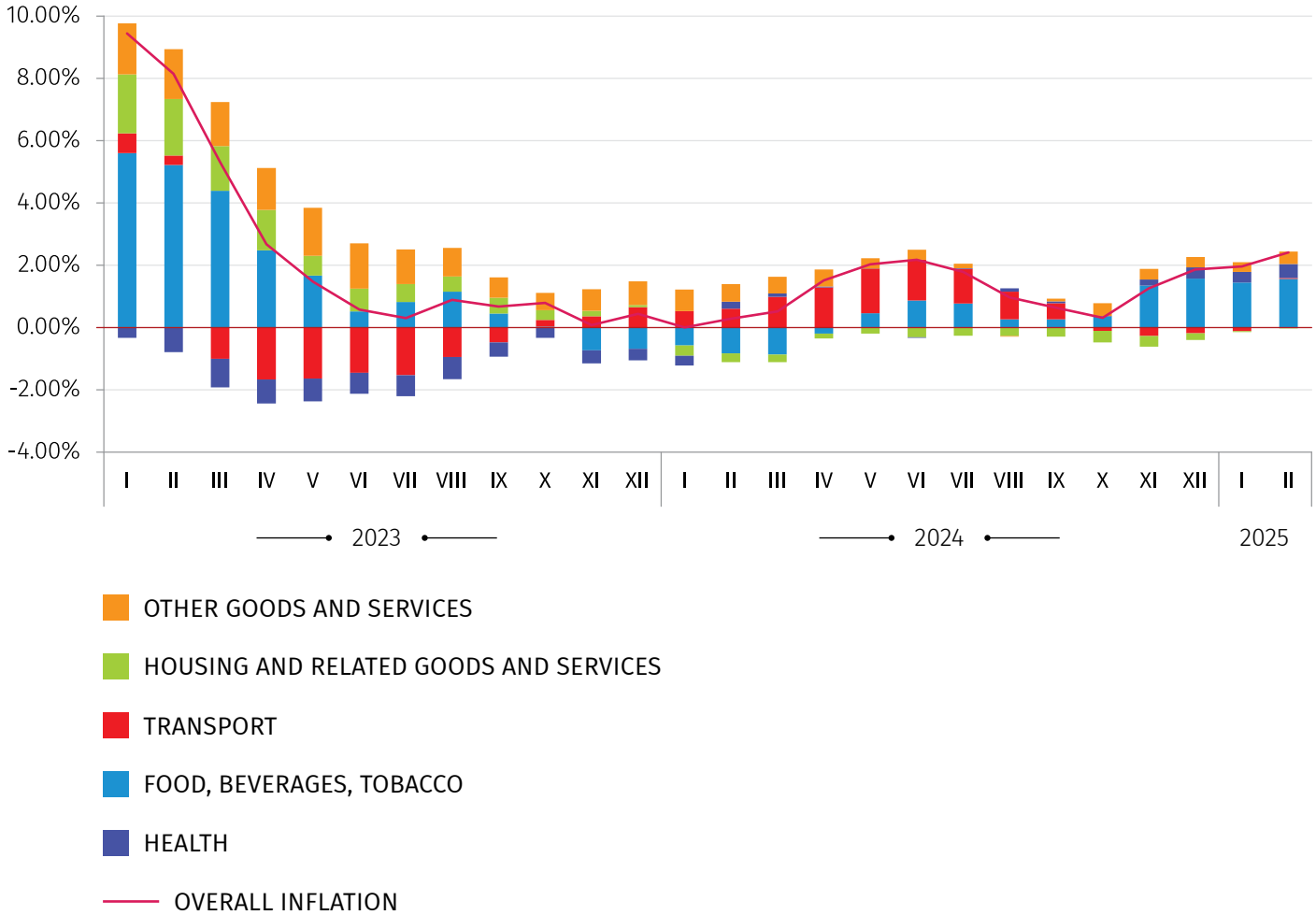
### ANNUAL INFLATION BY ORIGIN OF PRODUCTS, (%)



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### DECOMPOSITION OF ANNUAL INFLATION, (PERCENTAGE POINT)



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