

Main Indicators of Seaports and Terminals

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2. Metadata update	
2.1. Metadata last certified	May 20, 2025
2.2. Metadata last posted	May 20, 2025
2.3. Metadata last update	May 20, 2025

3. Statistical presentation	
3.1. Data description	
<p>The following indicators are published about seaports and terminals:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Passenger carried in seaports and terminals of Georgia, including number of entered and departed passenger; • Volume of carried freight in seaports and terminals of Georgia by types; • Number of ships entering in ports and terminals of Georgia by type, by registered tonnage (GT) and by DWT. <p>The source of data on seaports and terminals is Maritime Transport Agency of Georgia. Data are published at the country level.</p>	
3.2. Classification system	
Not in use.	
3.3. Sector coverage	
Seaports and terminals of Georgia.	
3.4. Statistical concepts and definitions	
<p>Passenger Carried – The number of passengers served by the seaports of Georgia. Excluding cruise passengers.</p> <p>Carried freight – The volume of cargo loaded and unloaded on ships in the seaports and terminals of Georgia.</p> <p>Deadweight (DWT) – A measure of how much weight a ship can carry.</p> <p>Registered tonnage (GT) – The total internal volume of a ship.</p>	
3.5. Statistical unit	
Seaports and terminals.	
3.6. Statistical population	
Seaports and terminals of Georgia; Ships entering in ports and terminals of Georgia.	
3.7. Reference area	
The entire territory of Georgia except the occupied regions.	
3.8. Time coverage	
From 2020.	
3.9. Base period	
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4. Unit of measure	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Passengers carried – thousand passengers; • Carried freight – thousand tons; 	

• Number of ships – thousand units.

5. Reference period
Quarterly.

6. Institutional mandate
6.1. Legal acts and other agreements
The Law of Georgia on Official Statistics; https://www.geostat.ge/media/56202/The-Law-of-Georgia-on-Official-Statistics.pdf Statistical Work Programme (annual); https://www.geostat.ge/en/modules/categories/307/statistical-work-programme Charter of the National Statistics Office of Georgia. https://www.geostat.ge/media/67749/New-Chapter-eng-upd.pdf
6.2. Data sharing
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7. Confidentiality
7.1. Confidentiality – policy
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The Law of Georgia on Official Statistics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> According to the article 5 of the law Statistical confidentiality and exclusive use for statistical purposes – individual data collected or received by the producer of official statistics, relating to natural or legal persons, must be strictly confidential and used only for statistical purposes. According to the article 34 (Observing Confidentiality of Statistical Data) of the law 1. Data collected, processed, and stored to produce official statistics are confidential if they enable the direct or indirect identification of a statistical unit. In addition, aggregated data are subject to statistical confidentiality: a) Aggregates composed of 1 to 3 units, when the unit is a natural or legal person if one of these units could be identified indirectly, thereby disclosing individual data about this unit. Aggregates composed of more than 3 units may be declared confidential by the Executive Director if required to ensure statistical confidentiality; b) Information declares as a state secret on the basis of the „Law of Georgia on State Secrets“. 2. Confidential data shall be used exclusively for the purposes of producing statistics in accordance with this law. 3. Statistical data about the administrative body cannot be considered confidential information, except for the information determined by the Law of Georgia „On State Secrets“. 4. Individual data obtained from publicly available sources, which are defined as public information in accordance with the legislation of Georgia, shall not be considered confidential information. 5. Confidential (individual) data may be published if there is written consent from the statistical unit regarding the publication of such data. 6. It is not allowed to disseminate and distribute confidential data or use it for non-statistical purposes. According to the article 38 (Confidentiality commitments) of the law the confidential statistical data collected and processed for statistical purposes shall not be used or disseminated either for personal, academic, research or any other activities, by the employees of the producers of Official Statistics. https://www.geostat.ge/media/56202/The-Law-of-Georgia-on-Official-Statistics.pdf Data Confidentiality Policy at Geostat https://www.geostat.ge/media/20860/Data-Confidentiality-Policy-at-Geostat_En.pdf Procedure for providing access to confidential data for research purposes https://www.geostat.ge/media/61533/Rule-on-Access-to-Confidential-Data-for-Scientific-and-Research-Purposes....pdf The Law of Georgia on Personal Data Protection https://matsne.gov.ge/en/document/view/1561437?publication=9
7.2. Confidentiality – data treatment
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Confidentiality guidelines. Written undertakings by an employee of Geostat on ensuring confidentiality of gained/collected data as a result of official duties.

8. Release policy
8.1. Release calendar

Data dissemination dates are defined by the calendar developed on the basis of the Statistical Work Programme, which is published on the website of Geostat and is publicly available.
8.2. Release calendar access
https://www.geostat.ge/en/calendar
8.3. User access
All users have the equal access to the statistical data simultaneously.
9. Frequency of dissemination
Data published quarterly.
10. Accessibility and clarity
10.1. News release
The press release is available on the Geostat website: https://www.geostat.ge/en/single-news/2838/seaports-and-terminals-of-georgia-2023-i-quarter
10.2. Publications
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10.3. On-line database
Data is available on the Geostat website: https://www.geostat.ge/en/modules/categories/802/maritime-transport-statistics
10.4. Micro-data access
Micro-data is not available.
10.5. Other
Data is disseminated through the social network (Facebook) as well.
10.6. Documentation on methodology
Documentation on methodology is available on the Geostat website: https://www.geostat.ge/media/55715/Statistical-Requirements-Compendium_2023-edition.pdf
10.7. Quality documentation
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11. Quality management
11.1. Quality assurance
To ensure the quality of the statistical processes and products Geostat follows Chapter 10 – Quality of official statistics – of the Law of Georgia on Official Statistics, as well as the European Statistics Code of Practice, the UN Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics and Quality Assurance Framework of the European Statistical System (ESS QAF).
11.2. Quality assessment
Methodology and Quality Management Division of Geostat, along with the sectoral departments, is responsible for the quality of the produced statistical products and processes. The Division carries out quality audit, self-assessment of statistical processes and assesses the risks for the quality of statistical processes and products. Geostat has developed policy documents, guidelines and standard routine descriptions. These documents ensure the standardization of statistical processes and products and the establishment of a unified quality assurance system. Quality policy is available on the following link: https://www.geostat.ge/media/44380/QP_Geostat_EN.pdf
12. Relevance
12.1. User needs
The main users are: business sector, researchers and students, international organizations, state institutions, media outlets, etc. They need these data to carry out different types of statistical analysis, to plan a marketing strategy or to evaluate and study the economic situation.
12.2. User satisfaction
In 2023 user satisfaction survey was conducted, the target of the survey was to analyze the assessment of quality of statistical data by users and explore ways to improve user services. The survey report is available on the website of Geostat:

https://www.geostat.ge/en/page/customer-service
12.3. Completeness
The data comply to international standards.
13. Accuracy and reliability
13.1. Overall accuracy
Data series are analyzed regularly at the micro level. In some cases, data is verified with the data sources.
13.2. Sampling error
The survey is held with entire coverage.
13.3. Non-sampling error
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14. Timeliness and punctuality
14.1. Timeliness
Data are published on the 50th day after the end of the reporting period.
14.2. Punctuality
The data are published according to the date specified by the Statistical Work Programme. There has not been any violation of publication dates.
15. Coherence and comparability
15.1. Comparability – geographical
Same methodology and approaches, consistent with international ones have been used for country.
15.2. Comparability – over time
The data are comparable over time.
15.3. Coherence – cross domain
The data are coherent.
15.4. Coherence – internal
The data are coherent.
16. Cost and burden
The data are received and processed within the framework of the Geostat budget.
17. Data revision
17.1. Data revision – policy
Statistical data revision policy is available on the website of Geostat: https://www.geostat.ge/media/59824/Data-Revision-Policy-and-Error-Correction-at-Geostat_Eng.pdf
17.2. Data revision – practice
Planned revision of data is not carried out. An unplanned revision (to clarify data) was not carried out in practice.
18. Statistical processing
18.1. Source data
The source of data on seaports and terminals is the Georgian Maritime Transport Agency.
18.2. Frequency of data collection
Georgian Maritime Transport Agency transmits data on quarterly basis.
18.3. Data collection
The source of data on seaports and terminals is the Georgian Maritime Transport Agency.
18.4. Data validation
Primary data control is carried out based on arithmetic and logical controls in the database. Secondary control is carried out by the staff-members of the Service Statistics Division. In some cases, data is verified with the data sources.
18.5. Data compilation
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18.6. Adjustment

Not applied.

19. Comment

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