

Producer Price Index for Telecommunication Services

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2. Metadata update	
2.1. Metadata last certified	February 20, 2026
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3. Statistical presentation	
3.1. Data description	
The producer price index for telecommunication services measures the average price level of telecommunication services compared to the reference period.	
3.2. Classification system	
The structure of the producer price index for telecommunication services follows the Statistical Classification of Products by Activity (CPA 2008).	
3.3. Sector coverage	
According to CPA 2008 the index includes the following parts: wired telecommunication services, wireless telecommunication services, satellite telecommunication services and other telecommunication services. It corresponds to division 61 of the information and communication services section (J) of the Statistical Classification of Products by Activity (CPA).	
3.4. Statistical concepts and definitions	
The following information is published: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Producer price index for telecommunication services to the previous month; • Producer price index for telecommunication services to the same month of the previous year; • Producer price index for telecommunication services, 12-month average compared the previous 12-month average; • Producer price index for telecommunication services to the long-term base period. 	
3.5. Statistical unit	
The observable statistical unit is an organization across the country that provides telecommunication services.	
3.6. Statistical population	
For compiling the producer price index for telecommunication services, the selection of observable organizations across the country is based on the statistical data of enterprises. The selection base comprises of 75 organizations, of which 32 organizations are selected this year. As a result, the selected organizations cover 85% of the whole sample (in terms of value).	
3.7. Reference area	
The prices are collected across the country (occupied territories are not considered) for services produced by telecommunication organizations.	
3.8. Time coverage	
From 2020.	
3.9. Base period	
2020 year.	

4. Unit of measure	
Index.	

5. Reference period
Month.
6. Institutional mandate
6.1. Legal acts and other agreements
<p>The Law of Georgia on Official Statistics; https://www.geostat.ge/media/56202/The-Law-of-Georgia-on-Official-Statistics.pdf</p> <p>Statistical Work Programme (annual); https://www.geostat.ge/en/modules/categories/307/statistical-work-programme</p> <p>Charter of the National Statistics Office of Georgia. https://www.geostat.ge/media/67749/New-Chapter-eng-upd.pdf</p>
6.2. Data sharing
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7. Confidentiality
7.1. Confidentiality – policy
<p>1. The Law of Georgia on Official Statistics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • According to the article 5 of the law Statistical confidentiality and exclusive use for statistical purposes – individual data collected or received by the producer of official statistics, relating to natural or legal persons, must be strictly confidential and used only for statistical purposes. • According to the article 34 (Observing Confidentiality of Statistical Data) of the law 1. Data collected, processed, and stored to produce official statistics are confidential if they enable the direct or indirect identification of a statistical unit. In addition, aggregated data are subject to statistical confidentiality: a) Aggregates composed of 1 to 3 units, when the unit is a natural or legal person if one of these units could be identified indirectly, thereby disclosing individual data about this unit. Aggregates composed of more than 3 units may be declared confidential by the Executive Director if required to ensure statistical confidentiality; b) Information declares as a state secret on the basis of the „Law of Georgia on State Secrets“. 2. Confidential data shall be used exclusively for the purposes of producing statistics in accordance with this law. 3. Statistical data about the administrative body cannot be considered confidential information, except for the information determined by the Law of Georgia „On State Secrets“. 4. Individual data obtained from publicly available sources, which are defined as public information in accordance with the legislation of Georgia, shall not be considered confidential information. 5. Confidential (individual) data may be published if there is written consent from the statistical unit regarding the publication of such data. 6. It is not allowed to disseminate and distribute confidential data or use it for non-statistical purposes. • According to the article 38 (Confidentiality commitments) of the law the confidential statistical data collected and processed for statistical purposes shall not be used or disseminated either for personal, academic, research or any other activities, by the employees of the producers of Official Statistics. https://www.geostat.ge/media/56202/The-Law-of-Georgia-on-Official-Statistics.pdf <p>2. Data Confidentiality Policy at Geostat https://www.geostat.ge/media/20860/Data-Confidentiality-Policy-at-Geostat_En.pdf</p> <p>3. Procedure for providing access to confidential data for research purposes https://www.geostat.ge/media/61533/Rule-on-Access-to-Confidential-Data-for-Scientific-and-Research-Purposes....pdf</p> <p>4. The Law of Georgia on Personal Data Protection https://matsne.gov.ge/en/document/view/1561437?publication=9</p>
7.2. Confidentiality – data treatment
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Confidentiality guidelines. • Written undertakings by an employee of Geostat on ensuring confidentiality of gained/collected data as a result of official duties.
8. Release policy
8.1. Release calendar
Data dissemination dates are defined by the calendar developed on the basis of the Statistical Work Programme, which

is published on the website of Geostat and is publicly available.
8.2. Release calendar access
https://www.geostat.ge/en/calendar
8.3. User access
All users have the equal access to the statistical data simultaneously.
9. Frequency of dissemination
Monthly.
10. Accessibility and clarity
10.1. News release
Press release for the Services Producer Price Indices is published through Geostat's website on a monthly basis. It contains information about monthly and annual index rates, as well as the contributions of sections and divisions to the index formation. The press release also includes a time series graph. It is available on the following link: https://www.geostat.ge/en/news?year=&month=&category=7
10.2. Publications
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10.3. On-line database
Data are available to all users on the Geostat's website: https://www.geostat.ge/en/modules/categories/27/producer-and-import-price-index Also, PC-Axis database: https://pc-axis.geostat.ge/PXweb/pxweb/en/Database/?rxid=9e2e4e1a-9eb4-4241-aaf7-4e4d4b3cefc6
10.4. Micro-data access
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10.5. Other
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10.6. Documentation on methodology
The service producer price index for telecommunication is available on Geostat's website: https://www.geostat.ge/en/modules/categories/122/methodologia-price-statistics
10.7. Quality documentation
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11. Quality management
11.1. Quality assurance
To ensure the quality of the statistical processes and products Geostat follows Chapter 10 – Quality of official statistics – of the Law of Georgia on Official Statistics, as well as the European Statistics Code of Practice, the UN Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics and Quality Assurance Framework of the European Statistical System (ESS QAF).
11.2. Quality assessment
Methodology and Quality Management Division of Geostat, along with the sectoral departments, is responsible for the quality of the produced statistical products and processes. The Division carries out quality audit, self-assessment of statistical processes and assesses the risks for the quality of statistical processes and products. Geostat has developed policy documents, guidelines and standard routine descriptions. These documents ensure the standardization of statistical processes and products and the establishment of a unified quality assurance system. Quality policy is available on the following link: https://www.geostat.ge/media/44380/QP_Geostat_EN.pdf
12. Relevance
12.1. User needs
The producer price index for telecommunication services is used for the following purposes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The index has an important role in deflating different economic indicators; • The index is used for indexation of contracts in both public and private sectors; • The index is an analytical instrument for researchers and representatives of business sector.

The main users of the index are: public agencies, international organizations, researchers and students, media representatives and other stakeholders.
12.2. User satisfaction
In 2023 user satisfaction survey was conducted, the target of the survey was to analyze the assessment of quality of statistical data by users and explore ways to improve user services. The survey report is available on the website of Geostat: https://www.geostat.ge/en/page/customer-service
12.3. Completeness
Data are consistent to the international standards.

13. Accuracy and reliability
13.1. Overall accuracy
Data accuracy is ensured by the following procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Annual validation of compliance of survey and calculation methods to the international methodology; • Timely analysis of microdata (simultaneously with the monthly price collection and immediately after its completion); • Several levels of validation of calculation process (sector supervisor, head of division, head of department), also simultaneous use of different software.
13.2. Sampling error
There is no assessment of the sampling error of the index. Sample size is considered optimal taking into account the study objectives, international practices and limited resources.
13.3. Non-sampling error
Non-sampling errors in the producer price index for telecommunication services are not assessed. However, in order to decrease the possible level of non-sampling error, index calculation includes multiple levels of validation (sector supervisor, head of division, head of department), as well as use of existing index calculation software and logical control files.

14. Timeliness and punctuality
14.1. Timeliness
Data are published on the 19-22nd of the following month of the reporting month.
14.2. Punctuality
The data is published according to the date specified in the statistical work program. There has not been any violation of publication dates.

15. Coherence and comparability
15.1. Comparability – geographical
The prices are collected on telecommunication services produced by organizations across the country. The principles of price collection and index compilation are based on international methodology and are consistent with it. Furthermore, in all regions the prices are collected based on the unified methodology and ensures the comparability of data across the country.
15.2. Comparability – over time
The index is comparable for the whole period.
15.3. Coherence – cross domain
Data are coherent.
15.4. Coherence – internal
Indices are coherent with the initial data – indices on the aggregate level are compiled using the lowest level indices through a clearly defined procedure.

16. Cost and burden
In 2026 annual budget of statistical surveys of prices (consumer, producer and import prices) amounted to 342 960 GEL.

17. Data revision

17.1. Data revision – policy
Statistical data revision policy is available on the website of Geostat: https://www.geostat.ge/media/59824/Data-Revision-Policy-and-Error-Correction-at-Geostat_Eng.pdf
17.2. Data revision – practice
Planned revision of data is not carried out. An Unplanned revision (to clarify data) was not carried out in 2025.
18. Statistical processing
18.1. Source data
<p>For the calculation of the producer price index for telecommunication services, the selected sample consists of all large and medium-size organizations that are relevant to the Division 61 of the information and communication services section (J) of the CPA, while small organizations are selected selectively.</p> <p>After sampling organizations, they are surveyed in order to determine the characteristics of services. For this purpose, organizations are provided by additional electronic questionnaires and are required to indicate the following information: the type of the top four services (less than four in case of absence) provided over the previous year and the percentage share of each telecommunication service in the sample of selected telecommunication services.</p> <p>During the service selection process their detailed specifications are determined. Following the specifications is the most important part of price registration since the monthly recorded price difference should be caused by the pure price change of a service, rather than changes in characteristics, or a service itself. Relying on the obtained survey the prices for sampled services are recorded across the year. The sample of telecommunication services is updated annually. In 2026, 71 price data points will be collected monthly from 30 organizations.</p>
18.2. Frequency of data collection
Price collection fieldworks are conducted monthly, on the same date of the following month of the reporting period, from the 1 st to the 8 th day.
18.3. Data collection
<p>The prices for telecommunication services are collected by price enumerators. The questionnaire includes information about types of services, the measurement unit, prices in the reference, previous and current months for the four selected services. Besides, the reason of a price change or any other relevant information is indicated in the comment field.</p> <p>The questionnaires are filled in the online form. The organizations fill the questionnaire independently or with the help of price enumerator. Online questionnaires are on the following link: https://questionnaires.geostat.ge/</p> <p>It is possible to see the questionnaires on Geostat's website, on the following link: https://www.geostat.ge/en/modules/categories/557/questionnaires-price-statistics</p>
18.4. Data validation
<p>The validation procedure is conducted in two stages:</p> <p>On the first stage validation takes place simultaneously with the price registration fieldworks. In case of price change, the person responsible for filling the questionnaire is required to define by the comment the reason of the change. After the data are sent to the central office, a responsible employee conducts analysis and logical control of the data.</p> <p>On the second stage accuracy of the price, which are extremely deviated from the price of the previous month, is checked after calculating the overall index.</p>
18.5. Data compilation
<p>For the producer price index for telecommunication services the weights are calculated based on business statistics data. The obtained weights represent the share of the specific telecommunication service value in the overall value of the telecommunication services across the country. The weights for a reporting period t are calculated based on t-2 period information. The list of telecommunication services included in the index may also be changed while updating the weights.</p> <p>During the calculation of the producer price index for telecommunication services, an elementary price index is the index calculated for each individual services produced by an organization.</p> <p>If a price for a service is not indicated by an organization in the reporting period, one of the following two methods of price imputation is applied: using the upper level group index and using carry-forward method.</p> <p>In the process of time, an organization may not produce a service of the same quality anymore, for which prices have been observed. In order to ensure the comparability of prices for old and new services, a quality adjustment method should be used, for which an imputed base price is calculated using several methods.</p>
18.6. Adjustment

Not applied.

19. Comment

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